

Anti-NOTCH4 Antibody

Catalog # ABO11139

Specification

Anti-NOTCH4 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q99466
Host Rabbit
Reactivity Human
Clonality Polyclonal
Format Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Neurogenic locus notch homolog protein 4(NOTCH4) detection. Tested with WB in Human.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-NOTCH4 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4855

Other Names

Neurogenic locus notch homolog protein 4, Notch 4, hNotch4, Notch 4 extracellular truncation, Notch 4 intracellular domain, NOTCH4, INT3

Calculated MW 209622 MW KDa

Application Details

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μg/ml, Human

Subcellular Localization

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

Tissue Specificity

Highly expressed in the heart, moderately in the lung and placenta and at low levels in the liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, spleen, lymph node, thymus, bone marrow and fetal liver. No expression was seen in adult brain or peripheral blood leukocytes.

Protein Name

Neurogenic locus notch homolog protein 4(Notch 4)

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human NOTCH4(1805-1818aa DVAHQRNHWDLLTL).



Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence SimilaritiesBelongs to the NOTCH family.

Anti-NOTCH4 Antibody - Protein Information

Name NOTCH4 (HGNC:7884)

Synonyms INT3

Function

Functions as a receptor for membrane-bound ligands Jagged1, Jagged2 and Delta1 to regulate cell-fate determination. Upon ligand activation through the released notch intracellular domain (NICD) it forms a transcriptional activator complex with RBPJ/RBPSUH and activates genes of the enhancer of split locus. Affects the implementation of differentiation, proliferation and apoptotic programs. May regulate branching morphogenesis in the developing vascular system (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in the heart, moderately in the lung and placenta and at low levels in the liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, spleen, lymph node, thymus, bone marrow and fetal liver. No expression was seen in adult brain or peripheral blood leukocytes

Anti-NOTCH4 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-NOTCH4 Antibody - Images





Anti- NOTCH4 antibody, ABO11139, Western blottingAll lanes: Anti NOTCH4 (ABO11139) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: A549 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 2: SMMC Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 3: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 210KDObserved bind size: 210KD

Anti-NOTCH4 Antibody - Background

NOTCH4(NOTCH, DROSOPHILA, HOMOLOG OF, 4) also known as INT3 or NOTCH3, FORMERLY, is a member of the Notch family. In situ hybridization revealed that Notch4 transcripts are primarily restricted to endothelial cells in embryonic and adult life, suggesting a specific role forNotch4 during development of vertebrate endothelium. The sequences of the mouse and human NOTCH4 proteins are 82% identical. Northern blot analysis revealed that NOTCH4(S) is the major transcript and is expressed in a wide variety of tissues. Fluorescence in situ hybridization confirmed the location of the NOTCH4 gene at chromosome 6p21.3. In linkage disequilibrium mapping of the MHC region in 80 British parent-offspring trios, Wei and Hemmings(2000) found that NOTCH4 was highly associated with schizophrenia. Repression of Notch4 resolved ataxia and reversed the disease progression, demonstrating that Notch4Â is not only sufficient to induce but also required to sustain the disease.Â