

Anti-Kv1.4 Antibody
Catalog # ABO11605**Specification**

Anti-Kv1.4 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P22459
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily A member 4(KCNA4) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Mouse;Rat.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-Kv1.4 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 3739

Other Names

Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily A member 4, HPCN2, Voltage-gated K(+) channel HuKII, Voltage-gated potassium channel HBK4, Voltage-gated potassium channel HK1, Voltage-gated potassium channel subunit Kv1.4, KCNA4, KCNA4L

Calculated MW

73257 MW KDa

Application Details

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Rat, Mouse

Subcellular Localization

Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell projection, axon .

Tissue Specificity

Detected in heart ventricle. .

Protein Name

Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily A member 4

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na₂HPO₄, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN₃.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence in the middle region of human Kv1.4(329-344aa LPEFRDDRDLVMALSA), different from the related mouse and rat sequences by one amino acid.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Anti-Kv1.4 Antibody - Protein Information

Name KCNA4

Synonyms KCNA4L

Function

Voltage-gated potassium channel that mediates transmembrane potassium transport in excitable membranes. Forms tetrameric potassium-selective channels through which potassium ions pass in accordance with their electrochemical gradient. The channel alternates between opened and closed conformations in response to the voltage difference across the membrane (PubMed:19912772, PubMed:8495559). Can form functional homotetrameric channels and heterotetrameric channels that contain variable proportions of KCNA1, KCNA2, KCNA4, KCNA5, and possibly other family members as well; channel properties depend on the type of alpha subunits that are part of the channel (PubMed:8495559). Channel properties are modulated by cytoplasmic beta subunits that regulate the subcellular location of the alpha subunits and promote rapid inactivation. In vivo, membranes probably contain a mixture of heteromeric potassium channel complexes, making it difficult to assign currents observed in intact tissues to any particular potassium channel family member. Homotetrameric KCNA4 forms a potassium channel that opens in response to membrane depolarization, followed by rapid spontaneous channel closure (PubMed:19912772, PubMed:8495559). Likewise, a heterotetrameric channel formed by KCNA1 and KCNA4 shows rapid inactivation (PubMed:17156368).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein Cell projection, axon
{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P15385}

Tissue Location

Expressed in brain, and at lower levels in the testis, lung, kidney, colon and heart (PubMed:27582084). Detected in heart ventricle.

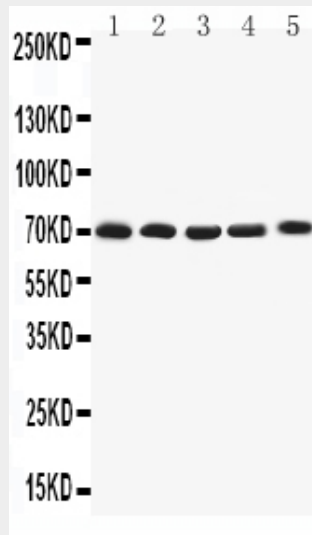
Anti-Kv1.4 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)

- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-Kv1.4 Antibody - Images



Anti-Kv1.4 antibody, ABO11605, All Western blottingAll lanes: Anti-KCNA4(ABO11605) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate at 40ugLane 2: HY1080Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 3: PANC Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 4: U87 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 5: SHG Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 70KDObserved bind size: 70KD

Anti-Kv1.4 Antibody - Background

Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily A member 4, also known as Kv1.4 or PCN2, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the KCNA4 gene. This gene encodes a member of the potassium channel, voltage-gated, shaker-related subfamily. It is mapped to 11p14.1. KCNA4 belongs to the A-type potassium current class, the members of which may be important in the regulation of the fast repolarizing phase of action potentials in heart and thus may influence the duration of cardiac action potential. KCNA4 also contributes to the cardiac transient outward potassium current(Ito1), the main contributing current to the repolarizing phase 1 of the cardiac action potential. This gene has been shown to interact with DLG4, KCNA2 and DLG1.