

Anti-TLR7 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO12141

### Specification

# **Anti-TLR7 Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC, ICC **Primary Accession Q9NYK1** Host Rabbit Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat Clonality Polyclonal Format Lyophilized Description Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Toll-like receptor 7(TLR7) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, ICC in Human; Mouse; Rat.

Reconstitution Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

## **Anti-TLR7 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 51284

**Other Names** Toll-like receptor 7, TLR7

**Calculated MW** 120922 MW KDa

#### **Application Details**

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat, By Heat<br> <br>Immunocytochemistry , 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, -<br>Immunohistochemistry(Frozen Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, -<br>Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human<br>

#### **Subcellular Localization**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Endosome . Lysosome . Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome. Relocalizes from endoplasmic reticulum to endosome and lysosome upon stimulation with agonist. .

**Tissue Specificity** 

Detected in brain, placenta, spleen, stomach, small intestine, lung and in plasmacytoid pre-dendritic cells.

**Protein Name** Toll-like receptor 7

Contents Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen



A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human TLR7 (1020-1047aa QAHPYFWQCLKNALATDNHVAYSQVFKE), different from the related mouse sequence by two amino acids.

## **Purification** Immunogen affinity purified.

**Cross Reactivity** No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence Similarities Belongs to the Toll-like receptor family.

## **Anti-TLR7 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information**

### Name TLR7 (<u>HGNC:15631</u>)

#### Function

Endosomal receptor that plays a key role in innate and adaptive immunity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14976261" target=" blank">14976261</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32433612" target=" blank">32433612</a>). Controls host immune response against pathogens through recognition of uridine- containing single strand RNAs (ssRNAs) of viral origin or guanosine analogs (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31608988" target=" blank">31608988</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27742543" target=" blank">27742543</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12738885" target=" blank">12738885</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32706371" target=" blank">32706371</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35477763" target=" blank">35477763</a>). Upon binding to agonists, undergoes dimerization that brings TIR domains from the two molecules into direct contact, leading to the recruitment of TIR-containing downstream adapter MYD88 through homotypic interaction (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27742543" target=" blank">27742543</a>). In turn, the Myddosome signaling complex is formed involving IRAK4, IRAK1, TRAF6, TRAF3 leading to activation of downstream transcription factors NF-kappa-B and IRF7 to induce pro-inflammatory cytokines and interferons, respectively (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27742543" target=" blank">27742543</a>, PubMed:<a

#### **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}. Endosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}. Lysosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}. Note=Relocalizes from endoplasmic reticulum to endosome and lysosome upon stimulation with agonist {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}

### **Tissue Location**

Detected in brain, placenta, spleen, stomach, small intestine, lung and in plasmacytoid pre-dendritic cells. Expressed in peripheral mononuclear blood cells (PubMed:32706371)

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32706371" target=" blank">32706371</a>).



# Anti-TLR7 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

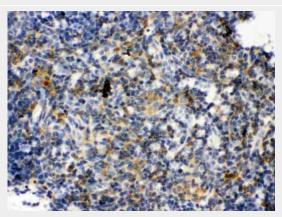
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

```
Anti-TLR7 Picoband Antibody - Images
```

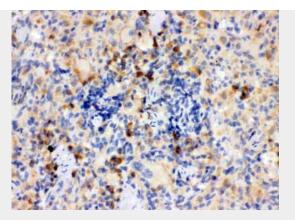
130KD - 1 2 3 100KD -70KD -55KD -35KD -25KD -

Anti- TLR7 Picoband antibody, ABO12141, Western blottingAll lanes: Anti TLR7 (ABO12141) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: MCF-7 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 2: COLO320 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 3: JURKAT Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 121KDObserved bind size: 121KD

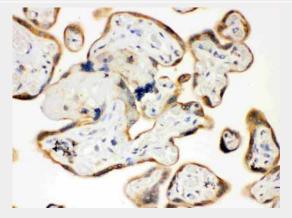


Anti- TLR7 Picoband antibody, ABO12141, IHC(P)IHC(P): Mouse Thymus Tissue

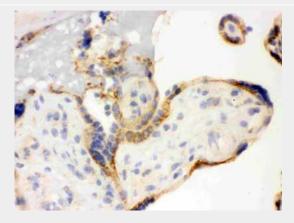




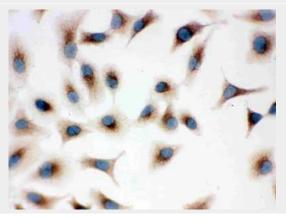
Anti- TLR7 Picoband antibody, ABO12141, IHC(P)IHC(P): Rat Thymus Tissue



Anti- TLR7 Picoband antibody, ABO12141, IHC(P)IHC(P): Human Placenta Tissue



Anti- TLR7 Picoband antibody, ABO12141, IHC(F)IHC(F): Human Placenta Tissue





Anti- TLR7 Picoband antibody, ABO12141, ICCICC: A549 Cell Anti-TLR7 Picoband Antibody - Background

TLR7 (Toll-like receptor 7) is protein that in humans is encoded by the TLR7 gene. Orthologs are found in mammals and birds. TLR7 is a member of the Toll-like receptor (TLR) family which plays a fundamental role in pathogen recognition and activation of innate immunity. TLRs are highly conserved from Drosophila to humans and share structural and functional similarities. They recognize pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) that are expressed on infectious agents, and mediate the production of cytokines necessary for the development of effective immunity. The various TLRs exhibit different patterns of expression. This gene is predominantly expressed in lung, placenta, and spleen, and lies in close proximity to another family member, TLR8, on human chromosome X. TLR7 recognises single stranded RNA in endosomes, which is a common feature of viral genomes which are internalised by macrophages.