

Erk2 Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV10321

Specification

Erk2 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality

Isotype

WB, IHC P28482.3 Human, Mouse, Rat

Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG

Erk2 Antibody - Additional Information

Application & Usage

Western blotting (0.5-4 μ g/ml) and Immunohistochemistry (10-20 μ g/ml). However, the optimal concentrations should be determined individually.

Other Names

ERK, ERK-2, MAPK2, PRKM2, Extracellular signal-regulated kinase 2; ERK2; Defective in aggregation protein C; MAP kinase 2, Mitogen-activated protein kinase 1; MAP kinase 1; MAPK 1; Extracellular signal-regulated kinase 2; ERK-2; Mitogen-activated protein kinase 2; MAP kinase 2; MAPK 2; MAP kinase isoform p42; p42-MAPK; ERT1.

Target/Specificity

Erk-2

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

 $100 \mu g$ (0.5 mg/ml) affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) containing 50% glycerol, 1% BSA, and 0.02% thimerosal.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions

Precautions

Erk2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



Erk2 Antibody - Protein Information

Erk2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Erk2 Antibody - Images

Erk2 Antibody - Background

Both p44 and p42 MAP kinases (Erk1 and Erk2) function in a protein kinase cascade that plays a critical role in the regulation of cell growth and differentiation. Activation of MAP kinases occurs thro µgh phosphorylation of threonine and tyrosine (202 and 204 of human MAP kinase [Erk1] or 183 and 185 of rat Erk2) at the sequence T*EY* by a single upstream MAP kinase kinase (MEK). Both kinases are known to weakly autophosphorylate on tyrosine.