

LIF Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV10873

Specification

LIF Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW

WB
P15018
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
22008

LIF Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 3976

Application & Usage

The antibody can be used for Western blot analysis (0.5-1 μ g/ml), ELISA (2-3 μ g/ml), and neutralization (0.5-1 μ g/ml). However, the optimal conditions should be determined individually.

Other Names

LIF; CDF; D-FACTOR; HILDA

Target/Specificity

LIF

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

 $100~\mu g$ (0.5 mg/ml) antigen affinity purified rabbit anti-human LIF polyclonal antibody in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, containing 50% glycerol and 0.02% thimerosal.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions

Precautions

LIF Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



LIF Antibody - Protein Information

Name LIF

Synonyms HILDA

Function

LIF has the capacity to induce terminal differentiation in leukemic cells. Its activities include the induction of hematopoietic differentiation in normal and myeloid leukemia cells, the induction of neuronal cell differentiation, and the stimulation of acute-phase protein synthesis in hepatocytes.

Cellular Location

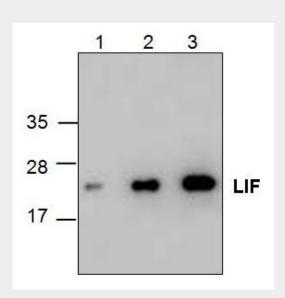
Secreted.

LIF Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

LIF Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis using recombinant human LIF. Lane 1; 100 ng; Lane 2: 200 ng; Lane 3: 500 ng

LIF Antibody - Background

Leukemia Inhibitory Factor (LIF) is a lymphoid factor that promotes long-term maintenance of





Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

embryonic stem cells by suppressing spontaneous differentiation. LIF has several functions such as cholinergic neuron differentiation, control of stem cell pluripotency, bone & fat metabolism, mitogenesis of factor dependent cell lines & promotion of megakaryocyte production in vivo. Human and mouse LIF exhibit a 78% identity in its amino acid sequence. Human LIF is as active on human cells as is it is on mouse cells, tho µgh mouse LIF is about 1000 fold less active on human cells, than human LIF.