

Ghrelin Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV11089

Specification

Ghrelin Antibody - Product Information

Application WB **Primary Accession 09UBU3** Other Accession AAU93610 Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 12911

Ghrelin Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 51738

Other Names

obestatin prepropeptide, obestatin, GHRL, Ghrl, ghrl

Target/Specificity

Ghrelin (N-Terminus)

Antibody Form

Liquid

Appearance

Colorless liquid

Formulation

100 μg (0.5 mg/ml) protein A purified rabbit polyclonal antibody in phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, containing 50% glycerol and 0.02% thimerosal.

Handling

The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage

-20 °C

Background Descriptions

Precautions

Ghrelin Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Ghrelin Antibody - Protein Information



Name GHRL

Synonyms MTLRP

Function

[Ghrelin-27]: Ghrelin is the ligand for growth hormone secretagogue receptor type 1 (GHSR) (PubMed:10604470). Induces the release of growth hormone from the pituitary (PubMed:10604470). Has an appetite-stimulating effect, induces adiposity and stimulates gastric acid secretion. Involved in growth regulation.

Cellular Location Secreted.

Tissue Location

Highest level in stomach. All forms are found in serum as well. Other tissues compensate for the loss of ghrelin synthesis in the stomach following gastrectomy

Ghrelin Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Ghrelin Antibody - Images

Ghrelin Antibody - Background

Ghrelin, a growth hormone (GH)-releasing acylated peptide, was identified as the endogenous ligand for the growth hormone (GH) secretagogue receptor 1a. It stimulates the release of GH from the anterior pituitary thro µgh the GH secretagogue receptor (GHS-R). It may also play a role in regulating the digestive system and energy balance.