

#### **CD86 Polyclonal Antibody**

Rabbit Anti Human Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ABV11714

#### **Specification**

## **CD86 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<u>P42081</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	37682

#### **CD86 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 942

Positive Control WB Application & Usage WB~~1:1000 Other Names T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD86, Activation B7-2 antigen, B70, BU63, CTLA-4 counter-receptor B72, FUN-1, CD86, CD86, CD28LG2

Target/Specificity CD86

Antibody Form Liquid

Appearance Colorless liquid

**Formulation** PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Handling The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Reconstitution & Storage -20 °C

**Background Descriptions** 

**Precautions** CD86 Polyclonal Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



# **CD86 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name CD86

Synonyms CD28LG2

Function

Receptor involved in the costimulatory signal essential for T-lymphocyte proliferation and interleukin-2 production, by binding CD28 or CTLA-4. May play a critical role in the early events of T-cell activation and costimulation of naive T-cells, such as deciding between immunity and anergy that is made by T-cells within 24 hours after activation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.upiprot.org/citations/7527824" target=" http://www.upiprot.org/citations/7527824" target=

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7527824" target="\_blank">7527824</a>). Also involved in the regulation of B cells function, plays a role in regulating the level of IgG(1) produced. Upon CD40 engagement, activates NF-kappa-B signaling pathway via phospholipase C and protein kinase C activation (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

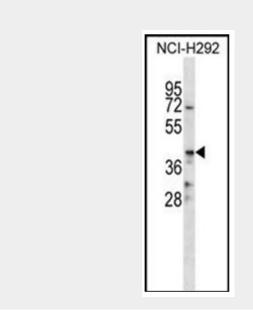
Expressed by activated B-lymphocytes and monocytes.

## **CD86 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

**CD86 Polyclonal Antibody - Images** 





Western blot analysis of CD86 in NCI-H292 cell line lysate.

## CD86 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

This gene encodes a type I membrane protein that is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily. This protein is expressed by antigen-presenting cells, and it is the ligand for two proteins at the cell surface of T cells, CD28 antigen and cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4. Binding of this protein with CD28 antigen is a costimulatory signal for activation of the T-cell. Binding of this protein with cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4 negatively regulates T-cell activation and diminishes the immune response. Alternative splicing results in two transcript variants encoding different isoforms. Additional transcript variants have been described, but their full-length sequences have not been determined.