

PRDM1 / MEL1 Antibody (internal region)

Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody Catalog # AF3056a

Specification

PRDM1 / MEL1 Antibody (internal region) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC Primary Accession 075626

Other Accession NP_001189.2, NP_878911.1, 639, 12142

(mouse), 309871 (rat)

Reactivity Human

Predicted Mouse, Rat, Pig, Dog, Cow

Host Goat
Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 0.5 mg/ml
Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 91771

PRDM1 / MEL1 Antibody (internal region) - Additional Information

Gene ID 639

Other Names

PR domain zinc finger protein 1, 2.1.1.-, BLIMP-1, Beta-interferon gene positive regulatory domain I-binding factor, PR domain-containing protein 1, Positive regulatory domain I-binding factor 1, PRDI-BF1, PRDI-binding factor 1, PRDM1, BLIMP1

Format

0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

PRDM1 / MEL1 Antibody (internal region) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PRDM1 / MEL1 Antibody (internal region) - Protein Information

Name PRDM1

Synonyms BLIMP1

Function

Transcription factor that mediates a transcriptional program in various innate and adaptive immune tissue-resident lymphocyte T cell types such as tissue-resident memory T (Trm), natural



killer (trNK) and natural killer T (NKT) cells and negatively regulates gene expression of proteins that promote the egress of tissue-resident T-cell populations from non-lymphoid organs. Plays a role in the development, retention and long-term establishment of adaptive and innate tissue-resident lymphocyte T cell types in non-lymphoid organs, such as the skin and gut, but also in other nonbarrier tissues like liver and kidney, and therefore may provide immediate immunological protection against reactivating infections or viral reinfection (By similarity). Binds specifically to the PRDI element in the promoter of the beta- interferon gene (PubMed:1851123/a>). Drives the maturation of B- lymphocytes into Ig secreting cells (PubMed:12626569/a>). Associates with the transcriptional repressor ZNF683 to chromatin at gene promoter regions (By similarity). Binds to the promoter and acts as a transcriptional repressor of IRF8, thereby promotes transcription of osteoclast differentiation factors such as NFATC1 and EEIG1 (By similarity).

Cellular Location Nucleus. Cytoplasm

PRDM1 / MEL1 Antibody (internal region) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

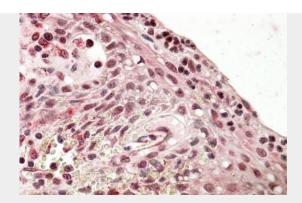
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

PRDM1 / MEL1 Antibody (internal region) - Images



AF3056a (0.3 μ g/ml) staining of A431 lysate (35 μ g protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.





AF3056a (3.8 μ g/ml) staining of paraffin embedded Human Tonsil. Steamed antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6, AP-staining.

PRDM1 / MEL1 Antibody (internal region) - Background

This antibody is expected to recognize both reported isoforms (NP 001189.2; NP 878911.1).

PRDM1 / MEL1 Antibody (internal region) - References

RelB NF-kappaB represses estrogen receptor alpha expression via induction of the zinc finger protein Blimp1. Wang X, Belguise K, O'Neill CF, Sánchez-Morgan N, Romagnoli M, Eddy SF, Mineva ND, Yu Z, Min C, Trinkaus-Randall V, Chalbos D, Sonenshein GE. Molecular and cellular biology 2009 Jul 29 (14): 3832-44. PMID: 19433448