

HCG-beta (Pregnancy & Choriocarcinoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone SPM105] Catalog # AH10394

Specification

HCG-beta (Pregnancy & Choriocarcinoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype

Calculated MW

,14, P01233 1082, 172944 Human Mouse Monoclonal Mouse / IgG1, kappa

22kDa KDa

HCG-beta (Pregnancy & Choriocarcinoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

Other Names

Choriogonadotropin subunit beta, CG-beta, Chorionic gonadotrophin chain beta, CGB, CGB3

Format

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions

HCG-beta (Pregnancy & Choriocarcinoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

HCG-beta (Pregnancy & Choriocarcinoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

HCG-beta (Pregnancy & Choriocarcinoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

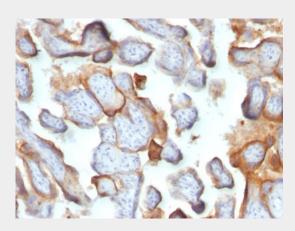
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence



- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

HCG-beta (Pregnancy & Choriocarcinoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Placenta stained with hCG beta Monoclonal Antibody (SPM105).

HCG-beta (Pregnancy & Choriocarcinoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

This MAb reacts with a protein of 22kDa, identified as β sub-unit of HCG. It does not cross react with the α sub-unit. HCG is a glycoprotein, which is secreted in large quantities by normal trophoblasts. It is present only in trace amounts in non-pregnant urine and sera but rises sharply during pregnancy. HCG is composed of two non-identical, non-covalently linked polypeptide chains designated as the ? and ? subunits. The ? subunit is identical to that of thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), follicle stimulating hormone (FSH), and luteinizing hormone (LH). hCG MAb detects cells and tumors of trophoblastic origin such as choriocarcinoma. Large cell carcinoma and adenocarcinoma of the lung demonstrate anti-hCG positivity in 90% and 60% of cases respectively. 20% of lung squamous cell carcinomas are positive. hCG expression by non-trophoblastic tumors may indicate aggressive behavior.

HCG-beta (Pregnancy & Choriocarcinoma Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Cocquebert M et. al. Am J Physiol Endocrinol Metab. 2012;303(8):E950-8