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Ep-CAM / CD326 (Epithelial Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone SPM134]
Catalog # AH10585

Specification

Ep-CAM / CD326 (Epithelial Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application	**,1,14,3,4,**
Primary Accession	P16422
Other Accession	4072, 542050
Reactivity	**Human**
Host	**Mouse**
Clonality	**Monoclonal**
Isotype	**Mouse / IgG1, kappa**
Calculated MW	**40-43kDa KDa**

Ep-CAM / CD326 (Epithelial Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

Gene ID 4072

Other Names
Epithelial cell adhesion molecule, Ep-CAM, Adenocarcinoma-associated antigen, Cell surface glycoprotein Trop-1, Epithelial cell surface antigen, Epithelial glycoprotein, EGP, Epithelial glycoprotein 314, EGP314, hEGP314, KS 1/4 antigen, KSA, Major gastrointestinal tumor-associated protein GA733-2, Tumor-associated calcium signal transducer 1, CD326, EPCAM, GA733-2, M1S2, M4S1, MIC18, TACSTD1, TROP1

Format
200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage
Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions
Ep-CAM / CD326 (Epithelial Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Ep-CAM / CD326 (Epithelial Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

Name EPCAM

Synonyms GA733-2, M1S2, M4S1, MIC18, TACSTD1, TRO

Function
May act as a physical homophilic interaction molecule between intestinal epithelial cells (IECs) and intraepithelial lymphocytes (IELs) at the mucosal epithelium for providing immunological barrier as a first line of defense against mucosal infection. Plays a role in embryonic stem cells proliferation

and differentiation. Up-regulates the expression of FABP5, MYC and cyclins A and E.

Cellular Location
Lateral cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell junction, tight junction. Note=Colocalizes with CLDN7 at the lateral cell membrane and tight junction

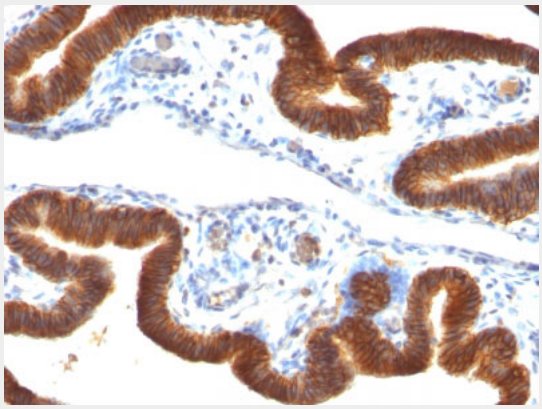
Tissue Location
Highly and selectively expressed by undifferentiated rather than differentiated embryonic stem cells (ESC) Levels rapidly diminish as soon as ESC's differentiate (at protein levels). Expressed in almost all epithelial cell membranes but not on mesodermal or neural cell membranes. Found on the surface of adenocarcinoma.

Ep-CAM / CD326 (Epithelial Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Ep-CAM / CD326 (Epithelial Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Ovarian Carcinoma stained with Ep-CAM Monoclonal Antibody (SPM134).

Ep-CAM / CD326 (Epithelial Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

EGP40 is a 40-43kDa transmembrane epithelial glycoprotein, also identified as epithelial specific antigen (ESA), or epithelial cellular adhesion molecule (Ep-CAM). It is expressed on baso-lateral cell surface in most simple epithelia and a vast majority of carcinomas. This antibody has been used to distinguish adenocarcinoma from pleural mesothelioma and hepatocellular carcinoma. This antibody is also useful in distinguishing serous carcinomas of the ovary from mesothelioma.

Ep-CAM / CD326 (Epithelial Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Litvinov SV et. al. J Cell Biol, 1994, 125:437-46. | Tsubura A et. al. J Cut Pathol, 1992, 19:73-9