

EGFR (Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor) Antibody - With BSA and Azide
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone SPM622]
Catalog # AH11177

Specification

EGFR (Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application	,2,3,4,
Primary Accession	P00533
Other Accession	1956 , 488293
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse / IgG1, kappa
Calculated MW	~170kDa (wild type) and ~145kDa (VIII variant) KDa

EGFR (Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

Gene ID 1956

Other Names

Epidermal growth factor receptor, 2.7.10.1, Proto-oncogene c-ErbB-1, Receptor tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-1, EGFR, ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions

EGFR (Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

EGFR (Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

Name EGFR ([HGNC:3236](#))

Synonyms ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

Function

Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses (PubMed:2790960, PubMed:10805725, PubMed:27153536). Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF-alpha, AREG, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin, epiregulin/EREG and HBEGF/heparin- binding EGF (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2790960"

target="_blank">2790960, PubMed:7679104, PubMed:8144591, PubMed:9419975, PubMed:15611079, PubMed:12297049, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:20837704, PubMed:17909029). Ligand binding triggers receptor homo- and/or heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues. The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades. Activates at least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules (PubMed:27153536). May also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade (PubMed:11116146). Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G protein-coupled receptor signaling (PubMed:11602604). Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin (PubMed:11483589). Positively regulates cell migration via interaction with CDC88A/GIV which retains EGFR at the cell membrane following ligand stimulation, promoting EGFR signaling which triggers cell migration (PubMed:20462955). Plays a role in enhancing learning and memory performance (By similarity). Plays a role in mammalian pain signaling (long-lasting hypersensitivity) (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Endosome Endosome membrane. Nucleus. Note=In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER (PubMed:20674546, PubMed:17909029). Endocytosed upon activation by ligand (PubMed:2790960, PubMed:17182860, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:17909029). Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF) (PubMed:20551055)

Tissue Location

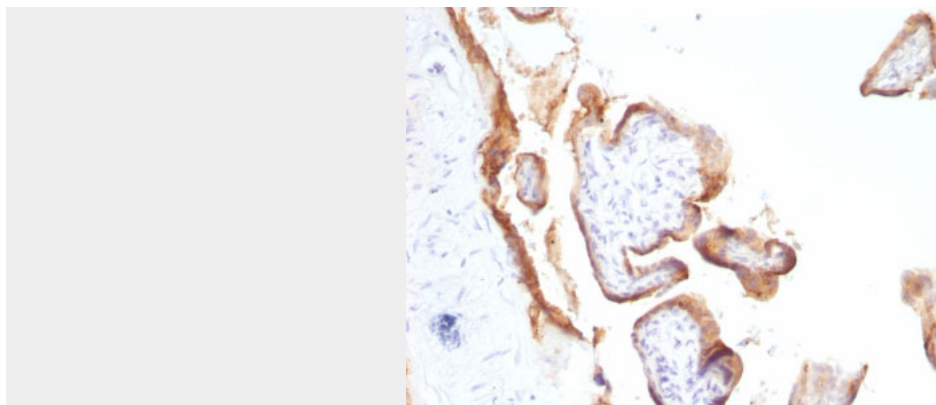
Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers.

EGFR (Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

EGFR (Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Placenta stained with EGFR Monoclonal Antibody (SPM622).

EGFR (Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

This MAb recognizes a protein of 170kDa, identified as EGFR. EGFR is type I receptor tyrosine kinase with sequence homology to erbB-1, -2, -3 -4 or HER-1, -2, -3 -4. It binds to Epidermal Growth Factor (EGF), Transforming Growth Factor- α (TGF- α), Heparin-binding EGF (HB-EGF), amphiregulin, β cellulin and epiregulin. EGFR is overexpressed in tumors of breast, brain, bladder, lung, gastric, head & neck, esophagus, cervix, vulva, ovary, and endometrium. It is predominantly present in squamous cell carcinomas.

EGFR (Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Tungekar MF et. al. Journal of Clinical Pathology. 51: 583-587 (1998). |