

Vimentin (Mesenchymal Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone VM1170] Catalog # AH12519

Specification

Vimentin (Mesenchymal Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW ,1,2,3,4, <u>P08670</u> <u>7431, 455493</u> Human Mouse Monoclonal Mouse / IgG1 57-60kDa KDa

Vimentin (Mesenchymal Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

Gene ID 7431

Other Names Vimentin, VIM

Storage Store at 2 to 8°C.Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions

Vimentin (Mesenchymal Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Vimentin (Mesenchymal Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

Name VIM

Function

Vimentins are class-III intermediate filaments found in various non-epithelial cells, especially mesenchymal cells. Vimentin is attached to the nucleus, endoplasmic reticulum, and mitochondria, either laterally or terminally.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus matrix {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P31000}. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P20152}

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in fibroblasts, some expression in T- and B-lymphocytes, and little or no expression in Burkitt's lymphoma cell lines. Expressed in many hormone-independent mammary



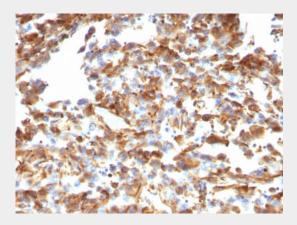
carcinoma cell lines.

Vimentin (Mesenchymal Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

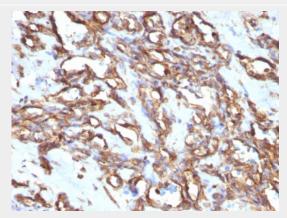
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Vimentin (Mesenchymal Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images

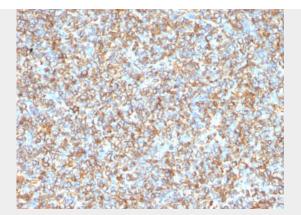


Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Melanoma stained with Vimentin Monoclonal Antibody (VM1170).

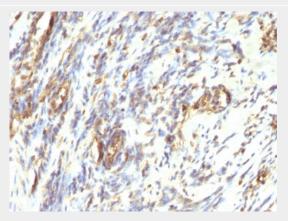


Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Angiosarcoma stained with Vimentin Monoclonal Antibody (VM1170).

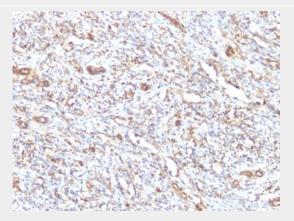




Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Ewing's Sarcoma stained with Vimentin Monoclonal Antibody (VM1170).

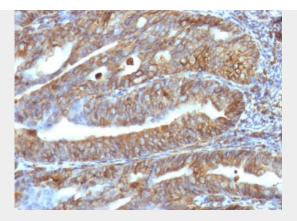


Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Leiomyosarcoma stained with Vimentin Monoclonal Antibody (VM1170).



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Rhabdomyosarcoma stained with Vimentin Monoclonal Antibody (VM1170).





Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Uterus stained with Vimentin Monoclonal Antibody (VM1170).

Vimentin (Mesenchymal Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

This MAb reacts with a 58kDa protein identified as vimentin. It shows no cross-reaction with other closely related intermediate filament proteins (IFP s) such as desmin, keratin, neurofilament, and glial fibrillary acid protein.ĀAnti-vimentin alone is of limited value as a diagnostic tool; however, when used in panels with other antibodies, it is useful for the sub-classification of a given tumor. Expression of vimentin, when used in conjunction with anti-keratin, is helpful when distinguishing melanomas from undifferentiated carcinomas and large cell lymphomas. All melanomas and Schwannomas react strongly with anti-vimentin. It labels a variety of mesenchymal cells, including melanocytes, lymphocytes, endothelial cells, and fibroblasts. Non-reactivity of anti-vimentin is often considered more useful than its positive reactivity, since there are a few tumors that do not contain vimentin, e.g. hepatoma and seminoma. Anti-vimentin is also useful as a tissue process control reagent.

Vimentin (Mesenchymal Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Osborn M et. al. European Journal of Cell Biology. 1984; 34:137-143. |