

## CD37 (Peripheral Mature B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone IPO-24]
Catalog # AH12730

### **Specification**

# CD37 (Peripheral Mature B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application ,3,4,
Primary Accession P11049
Other Accession 951, 166556
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype Mouse / IgG2b, kappa

Calculated MW 33-55kDa KDa

# CD37 (Peripheral Mature B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

Gene ID 951

### **Other Names**

Leukocyte antigen CD37, Tetraspanin-26, Tspan-26, CD37, CD37, TSPAN26

### **Storage**

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

### **Precautions**

CD37 (Peripheral Mature B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# CD37 (Peripheral Mature B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

Name CD37

Synonyms TSPAN26

### **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Tissue Location B-lymphocytes.

## CD37 (Peripheral Mature B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols





Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### CD37 (Peripheral Mature B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images

### CD37 (Peripheral Mature B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

Recognizes a protein of 33-55kDa, identified as CD37 (Workshop V; Code CD37.7). CD37 is strongly expressed on normal and neoplastic mature (slg+) B-lymphocytes. In B-cell ontogeny, CD37 appears after the pre-B-cell stage, is maintained during peripheral B-cell development and is lost upon terminal differentiation into plasma cells.1 CD37 is also present, at low densities, on resting and activated T cells, neutrophils, monocytes, and some myelomonocytic leukemia cells. It is absent from platelets, erythrocytes. CD37 is a member of a family of tetraspan transmembrane proteins, including CD9, CD53, CD63, CD81, and CD82. It associates other tetraspan transmembrane proteins and MHC class II molecules to form a large complex at the surface of B cells and play a role in signal transduction. CD37 is a valuable and stable marker for peripheral mature B-cells and corresponding malignancies like B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia (B-CLL), hairy cell leukemia (HCL), and all types of B-cell non-Hodgkin¹ā€™ lymphoma (B-NHL).

### CD37 (Peripheral Mature B-Cell Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Schlossman SF et al. eds. Leukocyte Typing V, p556-559, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1995. | Sidorenko SP et al. Monoclonal antibodies of the IPO series in studying and diagnosing malignant lymphoproliferative diseases. Gematol Transfuziol 1990, 35(4):19-22 | Sidorenko SP et al. Monoclonal antibodies of IPO series against B cell differentiation antigens in leukemia and lymphoma immunophenotyping Neoplasma 1992;39(1):3-9. | Maecker HT et al. The tetraspanin superfamily: molecular facilitators. FASEB J 1997,11(6):428-442 | Angelisova P et al. Association of four antigens of the tetraspans family (CD37, CD53, TAPA-1, and R2/C33) with MHC class II glycoproteins. Immunogenetics 1994;39(4):249-256