

**Anti-CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody**  
**Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AH13610****Specification**

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**Anti-CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - Product Information**

Application	,14,3,4,
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P11836</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">712553</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit / IgG, kappa
Calculated MW	33077

**Anti-CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 931**Other Names**

APY; ATOPY; B-lymphocyte antigen CD20; B-lymphocyte cell-surface antigen B1; Bp35; Fc epsilon receptor I beta chain; Fc Fragment of IgE high affinity I receptor for beta polypeptide; FCER1B; High affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor subunit beta; IgE Fc receptor subunit beta; IGEL; IGER; IGHER; LEU16; Leukocyte surface antigen Leu-16; Ly44; Membrane spanning 4 domains subfamily A member 2; Membrane-spanning 4-domains subfamily A member 1 (MS4A1)

**Format**

200ug/ml of Ab purified by Protein A Column. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

**Storage**

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

**Precautions**

Anti-CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Anti-CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - Protein Information****Name** MS4A1**Synonyms** CD20**Function**

B-lymphocyte-specific membrane protein that plays a role in the regulation of cellular calcium influx necessary for the development, differentiation, and activation of B-lymphocytes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/3925015" target="\_blank">3925015</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7684739" target="\_blank">7684739</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7684739" target="\_blank">7684739</a>)

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12920111" target="\_blank">12920111</a>). Functions as a store-operated calcium (SOC) channel component promoting calcium influx after activation by the B-cell receptor/BCR (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7684739" target="\_blank">7684739</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12920111" target="\_blank">12920111</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18474602" target="\_blank">18474602</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor. Note=Constitutively associated with membrane rafts.

#### **Tissue Location**

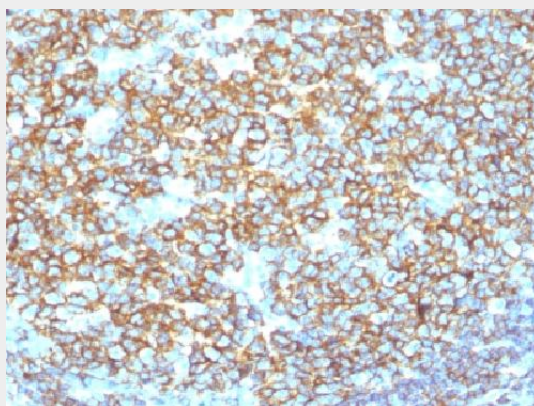
Expressed on B-cells.

### **Anti-CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### **Anti-CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - Images**



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with CD20 Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody (IGEL/1497R)

### **Anti-CD20 / MS4A1 (B-Cell Marker) Antibody - Background**

Recognizes a protein of 30-33kDa, which is identified as CD20. It is a non-Ig differentiation antigen of B-cells and its expression is restricted to normal and neoplastic B-cells, being absent from all other leukocytes and tissues. CD20 is expressed by pre B-cells and persists during all stages of B-cell maturation but is lost upon terminal differentiation into plasma cells. This MAb can be used for immunophenotyping of leukemia and malignant cells, B lymphocyte detection in peripheral blood and B cell localization in tissues. It reacts with the majority of B-cells present in peripheral blood and lymphoid tissues and their derived lymphomas. In lymphoid tissue, germinal center

blasts and B-immunoblasts are particularly reactive. It is a reliable antibody for ascribing a B-cell phenotype in known lymphoid tissues. Rarely, CD20-positive T-cell lymphomas have been reported. Reactivity has also been noted with Reed-Sternberg cells in cases of Hodgkin s disease, particularly of lymphocyte predominant type.