

BAD antibody - middle region **Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody** Catalog # Al10009

Specification

BAD antibody - middle region - Product Information

Application **Primary Accession** Other Accession Reactivity

Predicted

Host Clonality Calculated MW WB 092934 092934, NP 004313, NM 004322 Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Guinea Pig, Horse, Bovine Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Guinea Pig, Horse, Bovine Rabbit Polyclonal 18 kDa KDa

BAD antibody - middle region - Additional Information

Gene ID 572

BBC2, BCL2L8

Alias Symbol **Other Names** Bcl2-associated agonist of cell death, BAD, Bcl-2-binding component 6, Bcl-2-like protein 8, Bcl2-L-8, Bcl-xL/Bcl-2-associated death promoter, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, BAD, BBC6, BCL2L8

Target/Specificity

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the BCL-2 family. BCL-2 family members are known to be regulators of programmed cell death. This protein positively regulates cell apoptosis by forming heterodimers with BCL-xL and BCL-2, and reversing their death repressor activity. Proapoptotic activity of this protein is regulated through its phosphorylation. Protein kinases AKT and MAP kinase, as well as protein phosphatase calcineurin were found to be involved in the regulation of this protein. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants which encode the same isoform.

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-BAD antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at -20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

BAD antibody - middle region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

BAD antibody - middle region - Protein Information



Name BAD

Synonyms BBC6, BCL2L8

Function

Promotes cell death. Successfully competes for the binding to Bcl-X(L), Bcl-2 and Bcl-W, thereby affecting the level of heterodimerization of these proteins with BAX. Can reverse the death repressor activity of Bcl-X(L), but not that of Bcl-2 (By similarity). Appears to act as a link between growth factor receptor signaling and the apoptotic pathways.

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion outer membrane. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61337}. Note=Colocalizes with HIF3A in the cytoplasm (By similarity). Upon phosphorylation, locates to the cytoplasm. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61337}

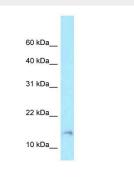
Tissue Location Expressed in a wide variety of tissues.

BAD antibody - middle region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

BAD antibody - middle region - Images



BAD antibody - middle region (Al10009) in Human 721_B cells using Western Blot WB Suggested Anti-BAD Antibody Titration: 1.0 μ g/ml

Positive Control: 721_B Whole Cell

BAD is strongly supported by BioGPS gene expression data to be expressed in Human 721_B cells

BAD antibody - middle region - Background

This is a rabbit polyclonal antibody against BAD. It was validated on Western Blot by Abgent. At Abgent we manufacture rabbit polyclonal antibodies on a large scale (200-1000 products/month) of high throughput manner. Our antibodies are peptide based and protein family oriented. We usually



provide antibodies covering each member of a whole protein family of your interest. We also use our best efforts to provide you antibodies recognize various epitopes of a target protein. For availability of antibody needed for your experiment, please inquire (sales@abgent.com).