

Trim11 antibody - C-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # Al12273

Specification

Trim11 antibody - C-terminal region - Product Information

Application WB

Primary Accession <u>Q99PQ2</u>

Other Accession <u>NM_053168</u>, <u>NP_444398</u>

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Horse, Bovine,

Guinea Pig, Dog

Predicted Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Horse, Dog

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 52kDa KDa

Trim11 antibody - C-terminal region - Additional Information

Gene ID 94091

Other Names

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase TRIM11, 6.3.2.-, Tripartite motif-containing protein 11, Trim11

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-Trim11 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Trim11 antibody - C-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Trim11 antibody - C-terminal region - Protein Information

Name Trim11

Function

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that promotes the degradation of insoluble ubiquitinated proteins, including insoluble PAX6, poly-Gln repeat expanded HTT and poly-Ala repeat expanded ARX (PubMed:18628401). Mediates PAX6 ubiquitination leading to proteasomal degradation, thereby modulating cortical neurogenesis (PubMed:18628401" target="_blank">18628401). May also inhibit PAX6 transcriptional activity, possibly in part by preventing the binding of PAX6 to its consensus sequences (PubMed:18628401). May contribute to the regulation of the intracellular level of HN (humanin) or HN-containing proteins



through the proteasomal degradation pathway (PubMed: 12670303). Mediates MED15 ubiquitination leading to proteasomal degradation (By similarity). May contribute to the innate restriction of retroviruses (PubMed:18248090). Upon overexpression, reduces HIV-1 and murine leukemia virus infectivity, by suppressing viral gene expression (PubMed:18248090). Antiviral activity depends on a functional E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase domain (PubMed:18248090). May regulate TRIM5 turnover via the proteasome pathway, thus counteracting the TRIM5-mediated cross-species restriction of retroviral infection at early stages of the retroviral life cycle (PubMed:18248090). Acts as an inhibitor of the AIM2 inflammasome by promoting autophagy-dependent degradation of AIM2 (By similarity). Mechanistically, undergoes autoubiquitination upon DNA stimulation, promoting interaction with AIM2 and SQSTM1/p62, leading to AIM2 recruitment to autophagosomes (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=In the nucleus, colocalizes with PAX6.

Tissue Location

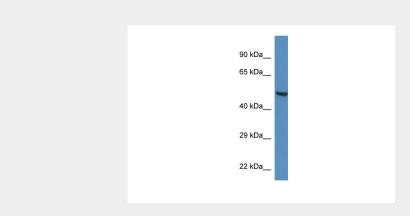
Expressed in embryonic central nervous system (CNS), kidney, thymus and gut.

Trim11 antibody - C-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Trim11 antibody - C-terminal region - Images



WB Suggested Anti-Trim11 Antibody Titration: 1.0 μg/ml

Positive Control: Mouse heart