

Cd248 Antibody - middle region
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AI14478**Specification**

Cd248 Antibody - middle region - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O91V98
Other Accession	NM_054042 , NP_473383
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	82kDa KDa

Cd248 Antibody - middle region - Additional Information**Gene ID** 70445

Alias Symbol 2610111G01Rik, AI842296, Cd164l1, Tem1
Other Names
Endosialin, Tumor endothelial marker 1, CD248, Cd248, Tem1

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-Cd248 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Cd248 Antibody - middle region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Cd248 Antibody - middle region - Protein Information**Name** Cd248**Synonyms** Tem1**Function**

May play a role in angiogenesis or vascular function.

Cellular Location

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

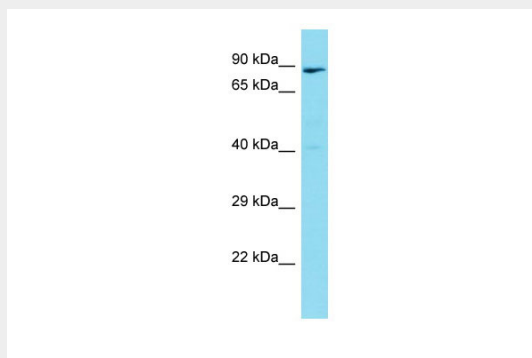
Tissue Location

Expressed in cell lines derived from endothelial cells, embryonic fibroblasts and preadipocytes

Cd248 Antibody - middle region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Cd248 Antibody - middle region - Images

Host: Rabbit

Target Name: Cd248

Sample Tissue: Mouse Thymus lysates

Antibody Dilution: 1.0µg/ml

Cd248 Antibody - middle region - References

Carson-Walter E.B., et al. Cancer Res. 61:6649-6655(2001).

Opavsky R., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 276:38795-38807(2001).

Carninci P., et al. Science 309:1559-1563(2005).