

CBFB antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # Al16220

Specification

CBFB antibody - N-terminal region - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q13951

Other Accession
Reactivity
NM_001755, NP_001746
Rat, Rabbit, Bovine, Dog

Predicted Rat, Rabbit, Chicken, Bovine, Dog

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 22kDa KDa

CBFB antibody - N-terminal region - Additional Information

Gene ID 865

Alias Symbol PEBP2B

Other Names

Core-binding factor subunit beta, CBF-beta, Polyomavirus enhancer-binding protein 2 beta subunit, PEA2-beta, PEBP2-beta, SL3-3 enhancer factor 1 subunit beta, SL3/AKV core-binding factor beta subunit, CBFB

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-CBFB antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

CBFB antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CBFB antibody - N-terminal region - Protein Information

Name CBFB

Function

Forms the heterodimeric complex core-binding factor (CBF) with RUNX family proteins (RUNX1, RUNX2, and RUNX3). RUNX members modulate the transcription of their target genes through recognizing the core consensus binding sequence 5'-TGTGGT-3', or very rarely, 5'- TGCGGT-3', within their regulatory regions via their runt domain, while CBFB is a non-DNA-binding regulatory subunit that allosterically enhances the sequence-specific DNA-binding capacity of RUNX. The heterodimers bind to the core site of a number of enhancers and promoters, including murine leukemia virus, polyomavirus enhancer, T- cell receptor enhancers, LCK, IL3 and GM-CSF



promoters. CBF complexes repress ZBTB7B transcription factor during cytotoxic (CD8+) T cell development. They bind to RUNX-binding sequence within the ZBTB7B locus acting as transcriptional silencer and allowing for cytotoxic T cell differentiation.

Cellular Location Nucleus.

CBFB antibody - N-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CBFB antibody - N-terminal region - Images



WB Suggested Anti-CBFB Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 µg/ml

Positive Control: K562 cell lysate