

NEK6 Antibody (C-Terminus)
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS10899**Specification**

NEK6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Product Information

Application	IHC
Primary Accession	O9HC98
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	36kDa KDa

NEK6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 10783**Other Names**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase Nek6, 2.7.11.1, Never in mitosis A-related kinase 6, NimA-related protein kinase 6, Protein kinase SID6-1512, NEK6

Target/Specificity

Human NEK6. BLAST analysis of the peptide immunogen showed no homology with other human proteins, except NEK7 (61%).

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -70°C; Short term: +4°C

Precautions

NEK6 Antibody (C-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

NEK6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protein Information**Name** NEK6 ([HGNC:7749](#))**Function**

Protein kinase which plays an important role in mitotic cell cycle progression (PubMed: [11516946](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11516946), PubMed: [14563848](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14563848)). Required for chromosome segregation at metaphase-anaphase transition, robust mitotic spindle formation and cytokinesis (PubMed: [19414596](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19414596)). Phosphorylates ATF4, CIR1, PTN, RAD26L, RBBP6, RPS7, RPS6KB1, TRIP4, STAT3 and histones H1 and H3 (PubMed: [12054534](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12054534), PubMed: [20873783](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20873783)). Phosphorylates KIF11 to promote mitotic spindle formation (PubMed: [19001501](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19001501)). Involved in

G2/M phase cell cycle arrest induced by DNA damage (PubMed:18728393). Inhibition of activity results in apoptosis. May contribute to tumorigenesis by suppressing p53/TP53-induced cancer cell senescence (PubMed:21099361). Phosphorylates EML4 at 'Ser-144', promoting its dissociation from microtubules during mitosis which is required for efficient chromosome congression (PubMed:31409757).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus speckle. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Note=Colocalizes with APBB1 at the nuclear speckles. Colocalizes with PIN1 in the nucleus. Colocalizes with ATF4, CIR1, ARHGAP33, ANKRA2, CDC42, NEK9, RAD26L, RBBP6, RPS7, TRIP4, RELB and PHF1 in the centrosome. Localizes to spindle microtubules in metaphase and anaphase and to the midbody during cytokinesis

Tissue Location

Ubiquitous, with highest expression in heart and skeletal muscle.

Volume

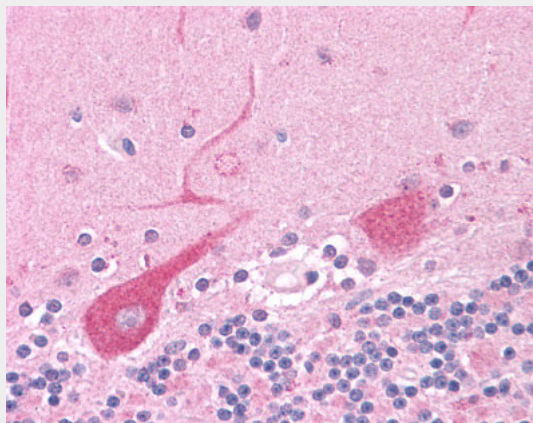
50 µl

NEK6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protocols

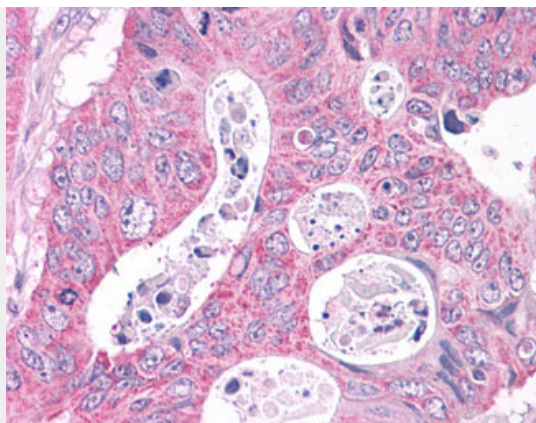
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

NEK6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Images



Anti-NEK6 antibody ALS10899 IHC of human brain, Purkinje neurons.



Anti-NEK6 antibody IHC of human Colon, Carcinoma.

NEK6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Background

Protein kinase which plays an important role in mitotic cell cycle progression. Required for chromosome segregation at metaphase-anaphase transition, robust mitotic spindle formation and cytokinesis. Phosphorylates ATF4, CIR1, PTN, RAD26L, RBBP6, RPS7, RPS6KB1, TRIP4, STAT3 and histones H1 and H3. Phosphorylates KIF11 to promote mitotic spindle formation. Involved in G2/M phase cell cycle arrest induced by DNA damage. Inhibition of activity results in apoptosis. May contribute to tumorigenesis by suppressing p53/TP53-induced cancer cell senescence.

NEK6 Antibody (C-Terminus) - References

Hashimoto Y.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 293:753-758(2002).
Saito T.,et al.Submitted (APR-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
Humphray S.J.,et al.Nature 429:369-374(2004).
Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.