

TRPM4 Antibody (Internal)

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS11000

Specification

TRPM4 Antibody (Internal) - Product Information

Application IHC
Primary Accession O8TD43

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 134kDa KDa

TRPM4 Antibody (Internal) - Additional Information

Gene ID 54795

Other Names

Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily M member 4, hTRPM4, Calcium-activated non-selective cation channel 1, Long transient receptor potential channel 4, LTrpC-4, LTrpC4, Melastatin-4, TRPM4, LTRPC4

Target/Specificity

Human TRPM4. BLAST analysis of the peptide immunogen showed no homology with other human proteins.

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -70°C; Short term: +4°C

Precautions

TRPM4 Antibody (Internal) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TRPM4 Antibody (Internal) - Protein Information

Name TRPM4 (HGNC:17993)

Synonyms LTRPC4

Function

Calcium-activated non selective (CAN) cation channel that mediates membrane depolarization (PubMed:12015988, PubMed:29211723, PubMed:30528822). While it is activated by increase in intracellular Ca(2+), it is impermeable to it (PubMed:12015988). Mediates transport of monovalent cations (Na(+) > K(+) > Cs(+) > Li(+)), leading to depolarize the membrane. It thereby plays a central role in cadiomyocytes, neurons from entorhinal cortex,





dorsal root and vomeronasal neurons, endocrine pancreas cells, kidney epithelial cells, cochlea hair cells etc. Participates in T-cell activation by modulating Ca(2+) oscillations after T lymphocyte activation, which is required for NFAT-dependent IL2 production. Involved in myogenic constriction of cerebral arteries. Controls insulin secretion in pancreatic beta-cells. May also be involved in pacemaking or could cause irregular electrical activity under conditions of Ca(2+) overload. Affects T-helper 1 (Th1) and T-helper 2 (Th2) cell motility and cytokine production through differential regulation of calcium signaling and NFATC1 localization. Enhances cell proliferation through up-regulation of the beta-catenin signaling pathway. Plays a role in keratinocyte differentiation (PubMed:30528822).

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum. Golgi apparatus

Tissue Location

Widely expressed with a high expression in intestine and prostate. In brain, it is both expressed in whole cerebral arteries and isolated vascular smooth muscle cells Prominently expressed in Purkinje fibers. Expressed at higher levels in T-helper 2 (Th2) cells as compared to T-helper 1 (Th1) cells. Expressed in keratocytes (PubMed:30528822).

Volume

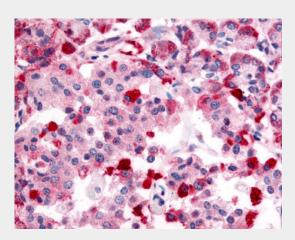
50 μl

TRPM4 Antibody (Internal) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

TRPM4 Antibody (Internal) - Images



Anti-TRPM4 antibody ALS11000 IHC of human pancreas.



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TRPM4 Antibody (Internal) - Background

Calcium-activated non selective (CAN) cation channel that mediates membrane depolarization. While it is activated by increase in intracellular Ca(2+), it is impermeable to it. Mediates transport of monovalent cations (Na(+) > K(+) > Cs(+) > Li(+)), leading to depolarize the membrane. It thereby plays a central role in cadiomyocytes, neurons from entorhinal cortex, dorsal root and vomeronasal neurons, endocrine pancreas cells, kidney epithelial cells, cochlea hair cells etc. Participates in T-cell activation by modulating Ca(2+) oscillations after T lymphocyte activation, which is required for NFAT-dependent IL2 production. Involved in myogenic constriction of cerebral arteries. Controls insulin secretion in pancreatic beta-cells. May also be involved in pacemaking or could cause irregular electrical activity under conditions of Ca(2+) overload. Affects T-helper 1 (Th1) and T-helper 2 (Th2) cell motility and cytokine production through differential regulation of calcium signaling and NFATC1 localization. Enhances cell proliferation through up-regulation of the beta-catenin signaling pathway.

TRPM4 Antibody (Internal) - References

Xu X.-Z.S., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 98:10692-10697(2001). Launay P., et al. Cell 109:397-407(2002). Hofmann T., et al. Curr. Biol. 13:1153-1158(2003). Nilius B., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 278:30813-30820(2003). Nilius B., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 278:42728-42728(2003).