

A2M / Alpha-2-Macroglobulin Antibody

Goat Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS11345

Specification

A2M / Alpha-2-Macroglobulin Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC
Primary Accession P01023
Reactivity Human
Host Goat
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 163kDa KDa

A2M / Alpha-2-Macroglobulin Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 2

Other Names

Alpha-2-macroglobulin, Alpha-2-M, C3 and PZP-like alpha-2-macroglobulin domain-containing protein 5, A2M, CPAMD5

Target/Specificity

A2-Macroglobulin [Human Plasma].

Reconstitution & Storage

+4°C or -20°C, Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

A2M / Alpha-2-Macroglobulin Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

A2M / Alpha-2-Macroglobulin Antibody - Protein Information

Name A2M

Synonyms CPAMD5

Function

Is able to inhibit all four classes of proteinases by a unique 'trapping' mechanism. This protein has a peptide stretch, called the 'bait region' which contains specific cleavage sites for different proteinases. When a proteinase cleaves the bait region, a conformational change is induced in the protein which traps the proteinase. The entrapped enzyme remains active against low molecular weight substrates (activity against high molecular weight substrates is greatly reduced). Following cleavage in the bait region, a thioester bond is hydrolyzed and mediates the covalent binding of the protein to the proteinase.

Cellular Location

Secreted.



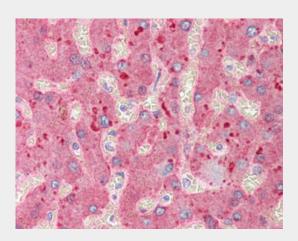
Tissue Location Secreted in plasma...

A2M / Alpha-2-Macroglobulin Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

A2M / Alpha-2-Macroglobulin Antibody - Images



Anti-A2M / Alpha-2-Macroglobulin antibody IHC of human liver.

A2M / Alpha-2-Macroglobulin Antibody - Background

Is able to inhibit all four classes of proteinases by a unique 'trapping' mechanism. This protein has a peptide stretch, called the 'bait region' which contains specific cleavage sites for different proteinases. When a proteinase cleaves the bait region, a conformational change is induced in the protein which traps the proteinase. The entrapped enzyme remains active against low molecular weight substrates (activity against high molecular weight substrates is greatly reduced). Following cleavage in the bait region a thioester bond is hydrolyzed and mediates the covalent binding of the protein to the proteinase.

A2M / Alpha-2-Macroglobulin Antibody - References

Kan C.-C., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 82:2282-2286(1985). Lin V.K., et al. Prostate 63:299-308(2005). Totoki Y., et al. Submitted (MAR-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Bechtel S., et al. BMC Genomics 8:399-399(2007). Scherer S.E., et al. Nature 440:346-351(2006).