

VIL1 / Villin Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS12326

Specification

VIL1 / Villin Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC
Primary Accession P09327
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 93kDa KDa

VIL1 / Villin Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 7429

Other Names Villin-1, VIL1, VIL

Target/Specificity
Recognizes human Villin.

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: Add glycerol (40-50%) -20°C; Short term: +4°C

Precautions

VIL1 / Villin Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

VIL1 / Villin Antibody - Protein Information

Name VIL1

Synonyms VIL

Function

Epithelial cell-specific Ca(2+)-regulated actin-modifying protein that modulates the reorganization of microvillar actin filaments. Plays a role in the actin nucleation, actin filament bundle assembly, actin filament capping and severing. Binds phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) and lysophosphatidic acid (LPA); binds LPA with higher affinity than PIP2. Binding to LPA increases its phosphorylation by SRC and inhibits all actin-modifying activities. Binding to PIP2 inhibits actin-capping and -severing activities but enhances actin-bundling activity. Regulates the intestinal epithelial cell morphology, cell invasion, cell migration and apoptosis. Protects against apoptosis induced by dextran sodium sulfate (DSS) in the gastrointestinal epithelium. Appears to regulate cell death by maintaining mitochondrial integrity. Enhances hepatocyte growth factor (HGF)-induced epithelial cell motility, chemotaxis and wound repair. Upon S.flexneri cell infection, its actin-severing activity enhances actin-based motility of the bacteria and plays a role during the



dissemination.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell projection, lamellipodium. Cell projection, ruffle. Cell projection, microvillus Cell projection, filopodium tip. Cell projection, filopodium. Note=Relocalized in the tip of cellular protrusions and filipodial extensions upon infection with S.flexneri in primary intestinal epithelial cells (IEC) and in the tail-like structures forming the actin comets of S.flexneri. Redistributed to the leading edge of hepatocyte growth factor (HGF)-induced lamellipodia (By similarity). Rapidly redistributed to ruffles and lamellipodia structures in response to autotaxin, lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) and epidermal growth factor (EGF) treatment.

Tissue Location

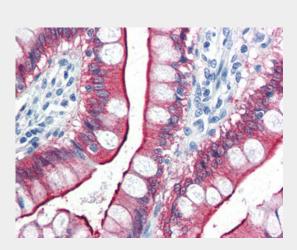
Specifically expressed in epithelial cells. Major component of microvilli of intestinal epithelial cells and kidney proximal tubule cells. Expressed in canalicular microvilli of hepatocytes (at protein level).

VIL1 / Villin Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

VIL1 / Villin Antibody - Images



Anti-VIL1 / Villin antibody IHC of human small intestine.

VIL1 / Villin Antibody - Background

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VIL1 / Villin Antibody - References

Arpin M.,et al.J. Cell Biol. 107:1759-1766(1988). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Hillier L.W.,et al.Nature 434:724-731(2005). Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Pringault E.,et al.EMBO J. 5:3119-3124(1986).