

TGM2 / Transglutaminase 2 Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS12385

Specification

TGM2 / Transglutaminase 2 Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC Primary Accession P21980

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 77kDa KDa

TGM2 / Transglutaminase 2 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 7052

Other Names

Protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase 2, 2.3.2.13, Tissue transglutaminase, Transglutaminase C, TG(C), TGC, TGase C, Transglutaminase H, TGase H, Transglutaminase-2, TGase-2, TGM2

Target/Specificity

Recognizes Transglutaminase II. Species cross-reactivity: Human, mouse, rat.

Reconstitution & Storage

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles. Store undiluted.

Precautions

TGM2 / Transglutaminase 2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TGM2 / Transglutaminase 2 Antibody - Protein Information

Name TGM2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:17939176, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11778}

Function

Calcium-dependent acyltransferase that catalyzes the formation of covalent bonds between peptide-bound glutamine and various primary amines, such as gamma-amino group of peptide-bound lysine, or mono- and polyamines, thereby producing cross-linked or aminated proteins, respectively (PubMed:9252372, PubMed:23941696, PubMed:31991788, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/namin modification and apoptosis (PubMed:1683874, PubMed:7935379, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9252372"



target="blank">27270573). Acts as a protein-glutamine gamma- glutamyltransferase by mediating the cross-linking of proteins, such as ACO2, HSPB6, FN1, HMGB1, RAP1GDS1, SLC25A4/ANT1, SPP1 and WDR54 (PubMed:23941696, PubMed:24349085, PubMed:29618516, PubMed:30458214). Under physiological conditions, the protein cross-linking activity is inhibited by GTP; inhibition is relieved by Ca(2+) in response to various stresses (PubMed: <a $href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7649299" target="_blank">7649299, PubMed:7592956, PubMed:7592956, PubMed:7592956, PubMed:7592956, PubMed:7592956, PubMed:7592956, PubMed:7592956, PubMed:18092889). When secreted, catalyzes cross-linking of proteins of the extracellular matrix, such as FN1 and SPP1 resulting in the formation of scaffolds (PubMed:12506096). Plays a key role during apoptosis, both by (1) promoting the cross-linking of cytoskeletal proteins resulting in condensation of the cytoplasm, and by (2) mediating cross-linking proteins of the extracellular matrix, resulting in the irreversible formation of scaffolds that stabilize the integrity of the dying cells before their clearance by phagocytosis, thereby preventing the leakage of harmful intracellular components (PubMed: 7935379, PubMed:9252372). In addition to protein cross-linking, can use different monoamine substrates to catalyze a vast array of protein post-translational modifications: mediates aminylation of serotonin, dopamine, noradrenaline or histamine into glutamine residues of target proteins to generate protein serotonylation, dopaminylation, noradrenalinylation or histaminylation, respectively (PubMed: 23797785, PubMed:30867594). Mediates protein serotonylation of small GTPases during activation and aggregation of platelets, leading to constitutive activation of these GTPases (By similarity). Plays a key role in chromatin organization by mediating serotonylation and dopaminylation of histone H3 (PubMed:30867594, PubMed:32273471). Catalyzes serotonylation of 'Gln-5' of histone H3 (H3Q5ser) during serotonergic neuron differentiation, thereby facilitating transcription (PubMed: 30867594). Acts as a mediator of neurotransmission-independent role of nuclear dopamine in ventral tegmental area (VTA) neurons: catalyzes dopaminylation of 'Gln- 5' of histone H3 (H3Q5dop), thereby regulating relapse-related transcriptional plasticity in the reward system (PubMed:32273471). Regulates vein remodeling by mediating serotonylation and subsequent inactivation of ATP2A2/SERCA2 (By similarity). Also acts as a protein deamidase by mediating the side chain deamidation of specific glutamine residues of proteins to glutamate (PubMed:9623982, PubMed:20547769). Catalyzes specific deamidation of protein gliadin, a component of wheat gluten in the diet (PubMed: 9623982). May also act as an isopeptidase cleaving the previously formed cross-links (PubMed:26250429, PubMed:27131890). Also able to participate in signaling pathways independently of its acyltransferase activity: acts as a signal transducer in alpha-1 adrenergic receptor-mediated stimulation of phospholipase C-delta (PLCD) activity and is required for coupling alpha-1 adrenergic agonists to the stimulation of phosphoinositide lipid metabolism (PubMed:8943303).

target=" blank">9252372, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27270573"

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus. Chromosome. Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix. Cell



membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9WVJ6}. Mitochondrion. Note=Mainly localizes to the cytosol (PubMed:9575137). Present at much lower level in the nucleus and chromatin (PubMed:9575137). Also secreted via a non-classical secretion pathway to the extracellular matrix (PubMed:27270573)

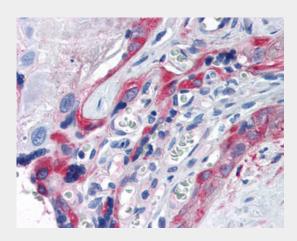
Volume 50 µl

TGM2 / Transglutaminase 2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

TGM2 / Transglutaminase 2 Antibody - Images



Anti-TGM2 / Transglutaminase 2 antibody IHC of human placenta.

TGM2 / Transglutaminase 2 Antibody - Background

Catalyzes the cross-linking of proteins and the conjugation of polyamines to proteins.

TGM2 / Transglutaminase 2 Antibody - References

Gentile V., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 266:478-483(1991). Fraij B.M., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 267:22616-22623(1992). Fraij B.M., et al.Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1306:63-74(1996). Bayardo M.P., et al.Submitted (JUL-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ota T., et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).