

PPARG / PPAR Gamma Antibody (aa170-270, clone 3A4A9, 1E6A1)
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS13039**Specification**

PPARG / PPAR Gamma Antibody (aa170-270, clone 3A4A9, 1E6A1) - Product Information

Application	IHC
Primary Accession	P37231
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Calculated MW	58kDa KDa

PPARG / PPAR Gamma Antibody (aa170-270, clone 3A4A9, 1E6A1) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 5468**Other Names**

Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma, PPAR-gamma, Nuclear receptor subfamily 1 group C member 3, PPARG, NR1C3

Target/Specificity

Human PPARG

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -20°C; Short term: +4°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

PPARG / PPAR Gamma Antibody (aa170-270, clone 3A4A9, 1E6A1) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PPARG / PPAR Gamma Antibody (aa170-270, clone 3A4A9, 1E6A1) - Protein Information**Name** PPARG**Synonyms** NR1C3**Function**

Nuclear receptor that binds peroxisome proliferators such as hypolipidemic drugs and fatty acids. Once activated by a ligand, the nuclear receptor binds to DNA specific PPAR response elements (PPRE) and modulates the transcription of its target genes, such as acyl-CoA oxidase. It therefore controls the peroxisomal beta-oxidation pathway of fatty acids. Key regulator of adipocyte differentiation and glucose homeostasis. ARF6 acts as a key regulator of the tissue-specific adipocyte P2 (aP2) enhancer. Acts as a critical regulator of gut homeostasis by suppressing NF-kappa-B-mediated pro-inflammatory responses. Plays a role in the regulation of cardiovascular circadian rhythms by regulating the transcription of BMAL1 in the blood vessels (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Redistributed from the nucleus to the cytosol through a MAP2K1/MEK1-dependent manner. NOCT enhances its nuclear translocation

Tissue Location

Highest expression in adipose tissue. Lower in skeletal muscle, spleen, heart and liver. Also detectable in placenta, lung and ovary.

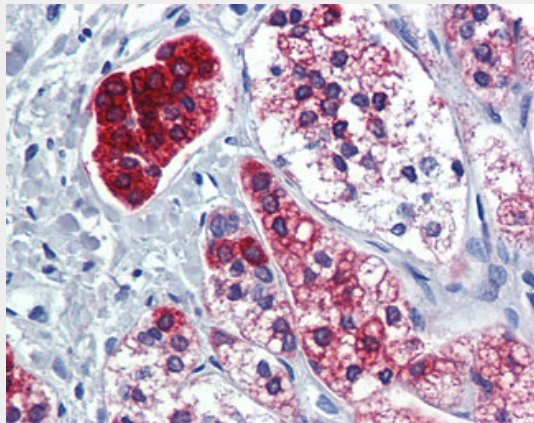
Volume

50 μ l

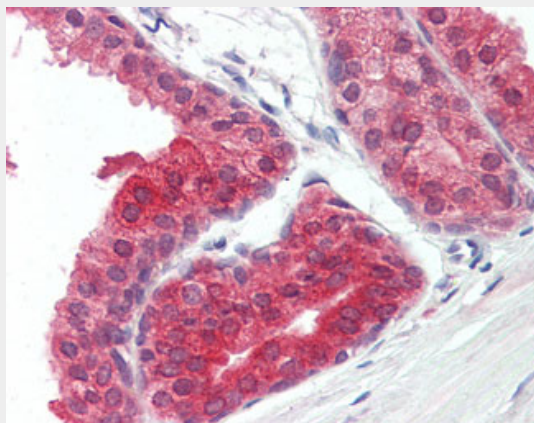
PPARG / PPAR Gamma Antibody (aa170-270, clone 3A4A9, 1E6A1) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

PPARG / PPAR Gamma Antibody (aa170-270, clone 3A4A9, 1E6A1) - Images

Anti-PPARG antibody IHC of human adrenal.



Anti-PPARG antibody IHC of human prostate.

PPARG / PPAR Gamma Antibody (aa170-270, clone 3A4A9, 1E6A1) - Background

Nuclear receptor that binds peroxisome proliferators such as hypolipidemic drugs and fatty acids. Once activated by a ligand, the nuclear receptor binds to DNA specific PPAR response elements (PPRE) and modulates the transcription of its target genes, such as acyl-CoA oxidase. It therefore controls the peroxisomal beta-oxidation pathway of fatty acids. Key regulator of adipocyte differentiation and glucose homeostasis. ARF6 acts as a key regulator of the tissue-specific adipocyte P2 (aP2) enhancer. Acts as a critical regulator of gut homeostasis by suppressing NF-kappa-B-mediated proinflammatory responses. Plays a role in the regulation of cardiovascular circadian rhythms by regulating the transcription of ARNTL/BMAL1 in the blood vessels (By similarity).

PPARG / PPAR Gamma Antibody (aa170-270, clone 3A4A9, 1E6A1) - References

Mukherjee R.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 272:8071-8076(1997).
Elbrecht A.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 224:431-437(1996).
Yanase T.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 233:320-324(1997).
Greene M.E.,et al.Gene Expr. 4:281-299(1995).
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