

## CTNNA1 Antibody (Internal)

Goat Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS13431

## **Specification**

## CTNNA1 Antibody (Internal) - Product Information

Application IHC
Primary Accession P35221

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Hamster,

Monkey, Chicken, Horse, Xenopus, Bovine,

Dog

Host Goat
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 100kDa KDa

### CTNNA1 Antibody (Internal) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 1495**

## **Other Names**

Catenin alpha-1, Alpha E-catenin, Cadherin-associated protein, Renal carcinoma antigen NY-REN-13, CTNNA1

## Target/Specificity

Human CTNNA1.

## **Reconstitution & Storage**

Store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

#### **Precautions**

CTNNA1 Antibody (Internal) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# CTNNA1 Antibody (Internal) - Protein Information

### Name CTNNA1

### **Function**

Associates with the cytoplasmic domain of a variety of cadherins. The association of catenins to cadherins produces a complex which is linked to the actin filament network, and which seems to be of primary importance for cadherins cell-adhesion properties. Can associate with both E- and N-cadherins. Originally believed to be a stable component of E-cadherin/catenin adhesion complexes and to mediate the linkage of cadherins to the actin cytoskeleton at adherens junctions. In contrast, cortical actin was found to be much more dynamic than E-cadherin/catenin complexes and CTNNA1 was shown not to bind to F-actin when assembled in the complex suggesting a different linkage between actin and adherens junctions components. The homodimeric form may regulate actin filament assembly and inhibit actin branching by competing with the Arp2/3 complex for binding to actin filaments. Involved in the regulation of WWTR1/TAZ,



YAP1 and TGFB1- dependent SMAD2 and SMAD3 nuclear accumulation (By similarity). May play a crucial role in cell differentiation.

### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform 1]: Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell junction, adherens junction. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cell junction. Note=Found at cell-cell boundaries and probably at cell-matrix boundaries

## **Tissue Location**

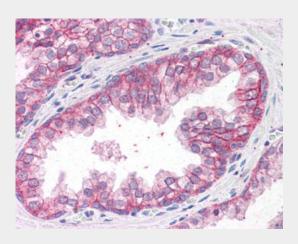
Expressed ubiquitously in normal tissues.

## **CTNNA1** Antibody (Internal) - Protocols

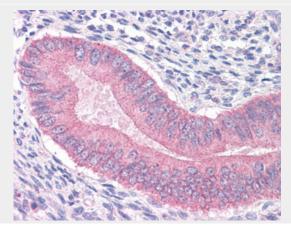
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

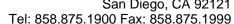
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## CTNNA1 Antibody (Internal) - Images



Anti-CTNNA1 antibody IHC of human prostate.







Anti-CTNNA1 antibody IHC of human uterus.

## CTNNA1 Antibody (Internal) - Background

Associates with the cytoplasmic domain of a variety of cadherins. The association of catenins to cadherins produces a complex which is linked to the actin filament network, and which seems to be of primary importance for cadherins cell-adhesion properties. Can associate with both E- and N-cadherins. Originally believed to be a stable component of E-cadherin/catenin adhesion complexes and to mediate the linkage of cadherins to the actin cytoskeleton at adherens junctions. In contrast, cortical actin was found to be much more dynamic than E-cadherin/catenin complexes and CTNNA1 was shown not to bind to F-actin when assembled in the complex suggesting a different linkage between actin and adherens junctions components. The homodimeric form may regulate actin filament assembly and inhibit actin branching by competing with the Arp2/3 complex for binding to actin filaments. May play a crucial role in cell differentiation.

## CTNNA1 Antibody (Internal) - References

Furukawa Y., et al. Cytogenet. Cell Genet. 65:74-78(1994). Oda T., et al. Biochem, Biophys, Res. Commun, 193:897-904(1993). Rimm D.L., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 203:1691-1699(1994). Kask M., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 411:56-61(2011). Nollet F.H., et al. Submitted (OCT-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.