

ATG9A Antibody (C-Terminus)
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS14712**Specification****ATG9A Antibody (C-Terminus) - Product Information**

Application	IF, WB, IHC
Primary Accession	Q7Z3C6
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	94kDa KDa

ATG9A Antibody (C-Terminus) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 79065**Other Names**

Autophagy-related protein 9A, APG9-like 1, mATG9, ATG9A, APG9L1

Target/Specificity

Human ATG9A.

Reconstitution & Storage

Short term 4°C, long term aliquot and store at -20°C, avoid freeze thaw cycles. Store undiluted.

Precautions

ATG9A Antibody (C-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ATG9A Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protein Information**Name** ATG9A {ECO:0000303|PubMed:20124090, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:22408}**Function**

Phospholipid scramblase involved in autophagy by mediating autophagosomal membrane expansion (PubMed: [22456507](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22456507) target="_blank">22456507, PubMed: [27510922](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27510922) target="_blank">27510922, PubMed: [29437695](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29437695) target="_blank">29437695, PubMed: [32513819](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32513819) target="_blank">32513819, PubMed: [33468622](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33468622) target="_blank">33468622, PubMed: [33850023](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33850023) target="_blank">33850023, PubMed: [32610138](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32610138) target="_blank">32610138, PubMed: [33106659](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33106659) target="_blank">33106659). Cycles between the preautophagosomal structure/phagophore assembly site (PAS) and the cytoplasmic vesicle pool and supplies membrane for the growing autophagosome (PubMed: [16940348](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16940348) target="_blank">16940348, PubMed: [22456507](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22456507) target="_blank">22456507).

target="_blank">22456507, PubMed:33106659). Lipid scramblase activity plays a key role in preautophagosomal structure/phagophore assembly by distributing the phospholipids that arrive through ATG2 (ATG2A or ATG2B) from the cytoplasmic to the luminal leaflet of the bilayer, thereby driving autophagosomal membrane expansion (PubMed:33106659). Also required to supply phosphatidylinositol 4- phosphate to the autophagosome initiation site by recruiting the phosphatidylinositol 4-kinase beta (PI4KB) in a process dependent on ARFIP2, but not ARFIP1 (PubMed:30917996). In addition to autophagy, also plays a role in necrotic cell death (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Preautophagosomal structure membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome membrane; Multi- pass membrane protein. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Late endosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Recycling endosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Mitochondrion membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Mainly localizes to the trans-Golgi network (TGN) and the endosomal system; cycles between them though vesicle trafficking (PubMed:27316455, PubMed:27663665). Export from the TGN to promote formation of autophagosomes is mediated by the AP-4 complex (PubMed:29180427, PubMed:30262884). Under amino acid starvation or rapamycin treatment, redistributes to preautophagosomal structure/phagophore assembly site (PAS) (PubMed:16940348). The starvation-induced redistribution depends on ULK1, ATG13, as well as SH3GLB1 (PubMed:16940348). Upon autophagy induction, a small portion transiently localizes to the autophagic membranes (PubMed:22456507) Recruited to damaged mitochondria during mitophagy in a RIMOC1- dependent manner (PubMed:34432599).

Volume

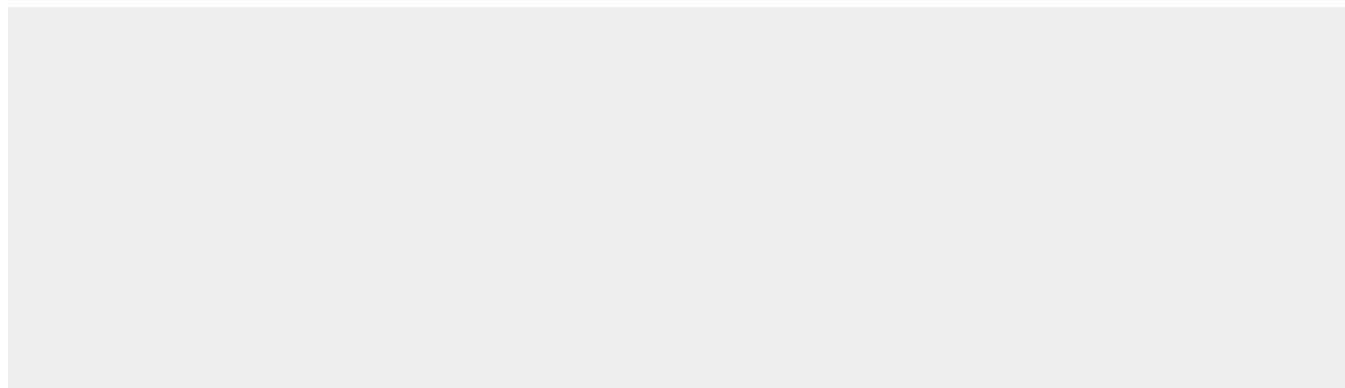
50 µl

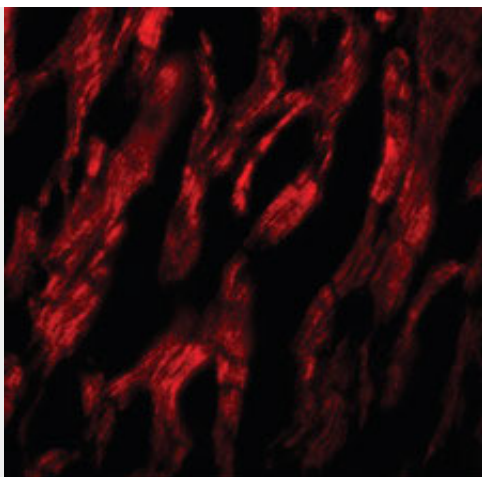
ATG9A Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

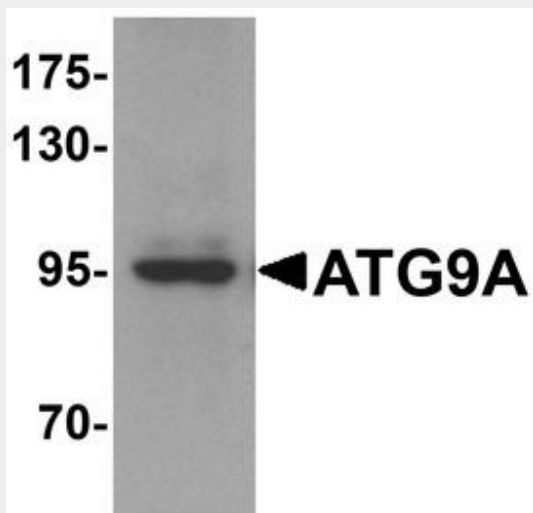
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

ATG9A Antibody (C-Terminus) - Images

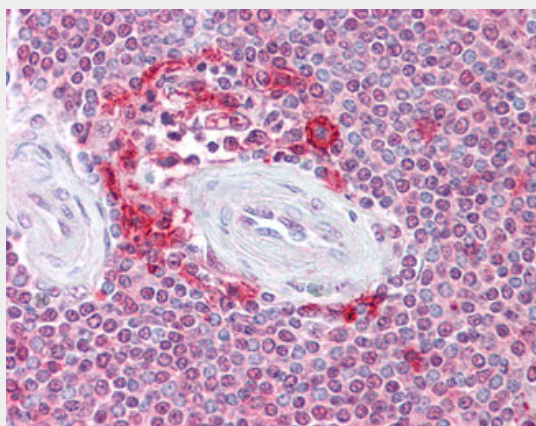




Immunofluorescence of ATG9A in human heart tissue with ATG9A antibody at 20 ug/ml.



Western blot analysis of ATG9A in mouse heart tissue lysate with ATG9A antibody at 1 ug/ml.



Anti-ATG9A antibody IHC of human spleen.

ATG9A Antibody (C-Terminus) - Background

Involved in autophagy and cytoplasm to vacuole transport (Cvt) vesicle formation. Plays a key role in the organization of the preautophagosomal structure/phagophore assembly site (PAS), the nucleating site for formation of the sequestering vesicle. Cycles between a juxta-nuclear trans-Golgi network compartment and late endosomes. Nutrient starvation induces accumulation on

autophagosomes. Starvation-dependent trafficking requires ULK1, ATG13 and SUPT20H.

ATG9A Antibody (C-Terminus) - References

Bechtel S.,et al.BMC Genomics 8:399-399(2007).

Hillier L.W.,et al.Nature 434:724-731(2005).

Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

Yamada T.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 280:18283-18290(2005).