

CHEK2 / CHK2 Antibody (aa35-84)
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS15041**Specification**

CHEK2 / CHK2 Antibody (aa35-84) - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O96017
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	61kDa KDa

CHEK2 / CHK2 Antibody (aa35-84) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 11200**Other Names**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase Chk2, 2.7.11.1, CHK2 checkpoint homolog, Cds1 homolog, Hucds1, hCds1, Checkpoint kinase 2, CHEK2, CDS1, CHK2, RAD53

Target/Specificity

Chk2 (Ab-68) Antibody detects endogenous levels of total Chk2 protein.

Reconstitution & Storage

Store at -20°C for up to one year.

Precautions

CHEK2 / CHK2 Antibody (aa35-84) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CHEK2 / CHK2 Antibody (aa35-84) - Protein Information**Name** CHEK2**Synonyms** CDS1, CHK2, RAD53**Function**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase which is required for checkpoint-mediated cell cycle arrest, activation of DNA repair and apoptosis in response to the presence of DNA double-strand breaks. May also negatively regulate cell cycle progression during unperturbed cell cycles. Following activation, phosphorylates numerous effectors preferentially at the consensus sequence [L-X-R-X-X-S/T]. Regulates cell cycle checkpoint arrest through phosphorylation of CDC25A, CDC25B and CDC25C, inhibiting their activity. Inhibition of CDC25 phosphatase activity leads to increased inhibitory tyrosine phosphorylation of CDK- cyclin complexes and blocks cell cycle progression. May also phosphorylate NEK6 which is involved in G2/M cell cycle arrest. Regulates DNA repair through phosphorylation of BRCA2, enhancing the association of RAD51 with chromatin which promotes DNA repair by homologous recombination. Also stimulates the transcription of

genes involved in DNA repair (including BRCA2) through the phosphorylation and activation of the transcription factor FOXM1. Regulates apoptosis through the phosphorylation of p53/TP53, MDM4 and PML. Phosphorylation of p53/TP53 at 'Ser-20' by CHEK2 may alleviate inhibition by MDM2, leading to accumulation of active p53/TP53. Phosphorylation of MDM4 may also reduce degradation of p53/TP53. Also controls the transcription of pro-apoptotic genes through phosphorylation of the transcription factor E2F1. Tumor suppressor, it may also have a DNA damage-independent function in mitotic spindle assembly by phosphorylating BRCA1. Its absence may be a cause of the chromosomal instability observed in some cancer cells. Promotes the CCAR2-SIRT1 association and is required for CCAR2-mediated SIRT1 inhibition (PubMed:25361978).

Cellular Location

[Isoform 2]: Nucleus. Note=Isoform 10 is present throughout the cell [Isoform 7]: Nucleus. [Isoform 12]: Nucleus.

Tissue Location

High expression is found in testis, spleen, colon and peripheral blood leukocytes. Low expression is found in other tissues

Volume

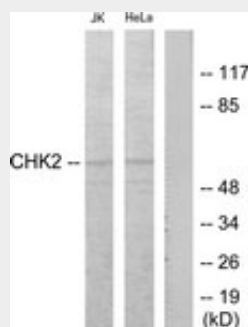
50 µl

CHEK2 / CHK2 Antibody (aa35-84) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

CHEK2 / CHK2 Antibody (aa35-84) - Images



Western blot of extracts from Jurkat and HeLa cells treated with etoposide 25 uM 24hours, using...

CHEK2 / CHK2 Antibody (aa35-84) - Background

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CHEK2 / CHK2 Antibody (aa35-84) - References

- Matsuoka S., et al. Science 282:1893-1897(1998).
Blasina A., et al. Curr. Biol. 9:1-10(1999).
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Collins J.E., et al. Genome Biol. 5:R84.1-R84.11(2004).