

### EIF3A Antibody (aa550-600)

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS15253

### **Specification**

### EIF3A Antibody (aa550-600) - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession 014152

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Horse,

**Bovine**, Dog

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 167kDa KDa

# EIF3A Antibody (aa550-600) - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID 8661**

#### **Other Names**

Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit A {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03000}, eIF3a {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03000}, Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 10 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03000}, eIF-3-theta {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03000}, eIF3 p167, eIF3 p180, eIF3 p185, EIF3A {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03000}

### Target/Specificity

Human EIF3A

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

Store at 4°C for short term applications. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C.

#### **Precautions**

EIF3A Antibody (aa550-600) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# EIF3A Antibody (aa550-600) - Protein Information

Name EIF3A {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF 03000}

### **Function**

RNA-binding component of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 (eIF-3) complex, which is required for several steps in the initiation of protein synthesis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17581632" target="\_blank">17581632</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25849773" target="\_blank">25849773</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25849773" target="\_blank">25849773</a>, The eIF-3 complex associates with the 40S ribosome and facilitates the recruitment of eIF-1, eIF-1A, eIF-2:GTP:methionyl- tRNAi and eIF-5 to form the 43S pre-initiation complex (43S PIC). The eIF-3 complex stimulates mRNA recruitment to the 43S PIC and scanning of the mRNA for AUG recognition. The eIF-3 complex is also required for disassembly and recycling of post-termination ribosomal complexes and subsequently prevents premature joining of the 40S and 60S ribosomal



subunits prior to initiation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17581632" target="\_blank">17581632</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11169732" target="\_blank">11169732</a>). The eIF-3 complex specifically targets and initiates translation of a subset of mRNAs involved in cell proliferation, including cell cycling, differentiation and apoptosis, and uses different modes of RNA stem- loop binding to exert either translational activation or repression (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25849773" target="\_blank">25849773</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27462815" target="\_blank">27462815</a>).

# **Cellular Location**

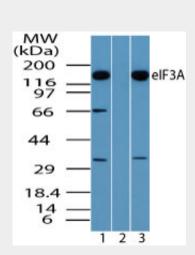
Cytoplasm {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03000, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9150439}

# EIF3A Antibody (aa550-600) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# EIF3A Antibody (aa550-600) - Images

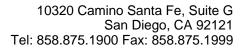


Western blot of eIF3A in Daudi cell lysate in the 1) absence and 2) presence of immunizing...

### EIF3A Antibody (aa550-600) - Background

Component of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 (eIF-3) complex, which is required for several steps in the initiation of protein synthesis. The eIF-3 complex associates with the 40S ribosome and facilitates the recruitment of eIF-1, eIF-1A, eIF-2:GTP:methionyl-tRNAi and eIF-5 to form the 43S preinitiation complex (43S PIC). The eIF-3 complex stimulates mRNA recruitment to the 43S PIC and scanning of the mRNA for AUG recognition. The eIF-3 complex is also required for disassembly and recycling of post-termination ribosomal complexes and subsequently prevents premature joining of the 40S and 60S ribosomal subunits prior to initiation.

# EIF3A Antibody (aa550-600) - References





Scholler J.K.,et al.DNA Cell Biol. 16:515-531(1997). Johnson K.R.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 272:7106-7113(1997). Nagase T.,et al.DNA Res. 2:167-174(1995). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Deloukas P.,et al.Nature 429:375-381(2004).