

### **GNAL Antibody (aa50-100)**

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS16400

#### **Specification**

#### GNAL Antibody (aa50-100) - Product Information

Application IHC, WB Primary Accession P38405

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 44kDa KDa

# GNAL Antibody (aa50-100) - Additional Information

#### Gene ID 2774

#### **Other Names**

Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(olf) subunit alpha, Adenylate cyclase-stimulating G alpha protein, olfactory type, GNAL

#### Target/Specificity

Human GNAL

#### **Reconstitution & Storage**

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

GNAL Antibody (aa50-100) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### GNAL Antibody (aa50-100) - Protein Information

## **Name GNAL**

#### **Function**

Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) are involved as modulators or transducers in various transmembrane signaling systems. G(olf) alpha mediates signal transduction within the olfactory neuroepithelium and the basal ganglia. May be involved in some aspect of visual transduction, and in mediating the effect of one or more hormones/neurotransmitters.

#### **Tissue Location**

Detected in olfactory neuroepithelium, brain, testis, and to a lower extent in retina, lung alveoli, spleen. Trace amounts where seen in kidney, adrenal gland and liver. Found to be expressed in all the insulinomas examined

#### **Volume**

50 μl

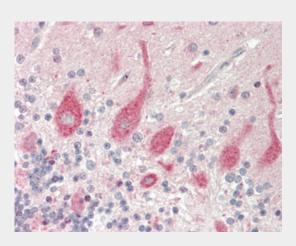


## **GNAL Antibody (aa50-100) - Protocols**

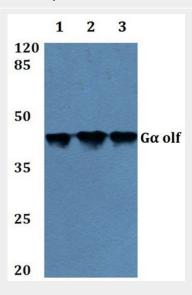
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## GNAL Antibody (aa50-100) - Images



Human Brain, Cerebellum: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)



Western blot analysis of GNAL Antibody at a 1:500 dilution.

## GNAL Antibody (aa50-100) - Background

Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) are involved as modulators or transducers in various transmembrane signaling systems. G(olf) alpha mediates signal transduction within the olfactory neuroepithelium and the basal ganglia. May be involved in some aspect of visual



transduction, and in mediating the effect of one or more hormones/neurotransmitters.

## **GNAL Antibody (aa50-100) - References**

Zigman J.M.,et al.Endocrinology 133:2508-2514(1993). Vuoristo J.T.,et al.Submitted (APR-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Nusbaum C.,et al.Nature 437:551-555(2005). Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.