

TNK2 / ACK1 Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS16493

Specification

TNK2 / ACK1 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB, IF, IHC
007912
Human, Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
115kDa KDa

TNK2 / ACK1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 10188

Other Names

Activated CDC42 kinase 1, ACK-1, 2.7.10.2, 2.7.11.1, Tyrosine kinase non-receptor protein 2, TNK2, ACK1

Target/Specificity Human TNK2 / ACK1

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -80°C; Short term: -20°C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

TNK2 / ACK1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TNK2 / ACK1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name TNK2

Synonyms ACK1

Function

Non-receptor tyrosine-protein and serine/threonine-protein kinase that is implicated in cell spreading and migration, cell survival, cell growth and proliferation. Transduces extracellular signals to cytosolic and nuclear effectors. Phosphorylates AKT1, AR, MCF2, WASL and WWOX. Implicated in trafficking and clathrin-mediated endocytosis through binding to epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) and clathrin. Binds to both poly- and mono-ubiquitin and regulates ligand-induced degradation of EGFR, thereby contributing to the accumulation of EGFR at the limiting membrane of early endosomes. Downstream effector of CDC42 which mediates CDC42-dependent cell migration via phosphorylation of BCAR1. May be involved both in adult synaptic function and plasticity and in brain development. Activates AKT1 by phosphorylating it on 'Tyr-176'. Phosphorylates AR on 'Tyr-267' and 'Tyr-363' thereby promoting its recruitment to



androgen-responsive enhancers (AREs). Phosphorylates WWOX on 'Tyr-287'. Phosphorylates MCF2, thereby enhancing its activity as a guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) toward Rho family proteins. Contributes to the control of AXL receptor levels. Confers metastatic properties on cancer cells and promotes tumor growth by negatively regulating tumor suppressor such as WWOX and positively regulating pro-survival factors such as AKT1 and AR. Phosphorylates WASP (PubMed:20110370).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane. Nucleus. Endosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:054967} Cell junction, adherens junction. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasmic vesicle, clathrin-coated vesicle Membrane, clathrin-coated pit. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:054967}. Note=The Tyr-284 phosphorylated form is found both in the membrane and nucleus (By similarity). Co-localizes with EGFR on endosomes (PubMed:20333297). Nuclear translocation is CDC42-dependent (By similarity). Detected in long filamentous cytosolic structures where it co-localizes with CTPS1 (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:054967, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20333297}

Tissue Location

The Tyr-284 phosphorylated form shows a significant increase in expression in breast cancers during the progressive stages i.e. normal to hyperplasia (ADH), ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS), invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC) and lymph node metastatic (LNMM) stages. It also shows a significant increase in expression in prostate cancers during the progressive stages.

Volume 50 ul

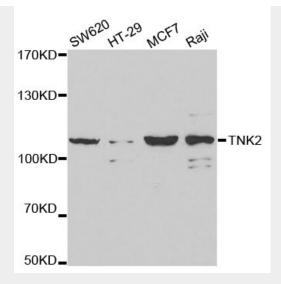
TNK2 / ACK1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

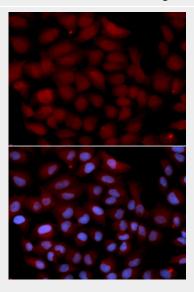
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

TNK2 / ACK1 Antibody - Images

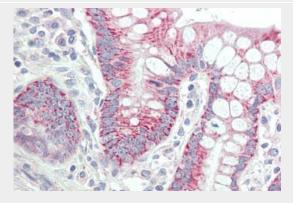




Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using TNK2 antibody.

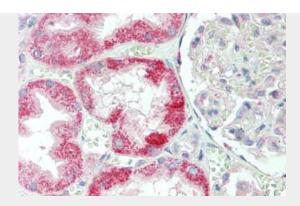


Immunofluorescence analysis of U2OS cell using TNK2 antibody. Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Human Small Intestine: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)





Human Kidney: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)

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