

PLAT / TPA Antibody
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS16494**Specification**

PLAT / TPA Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	P00750
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	63kDa KDa

PLAT / TPA Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 5327**Other Names**

Tissue-type plasminogen activator, t-PA, t-plasminogen activator, tPA, 3.4.21.68, Alteplase, Reteplase, Tissue-type plasminogen activator chain A, Tissue-type plasminogen activator chain B, PLAT

Target/Specificity

Human PLAT / TPA

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -80°C; Short term: -20°C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

PLAT / TPA Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

PLAT / TPA Antibody - Protein Information**Name** PLAT ([HGNC:9051](#))**Function**

Converts the abundant, but inactive, zymogen plasminogen to plasmin by hydrolyzing a single Arg-Val bond in plasminogen. By controlling plasmin-mediated proteolysis, it plays an important role in tissue remodeling and degradation, in cell migration and many other physiopathological events. During oocyte activation, plays a role in cortical granule reaction in the zona reaction, which contributes to the block to polyspermy (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Secreted, extracellular space.

Tissue Location

Synthesized in numerous tissues (including tumors) and secreted into most extracellular body

fluids, such as plasma, uterine fluid, saliva, gingival crevicular fluid, tears, seminal fluid, and milk

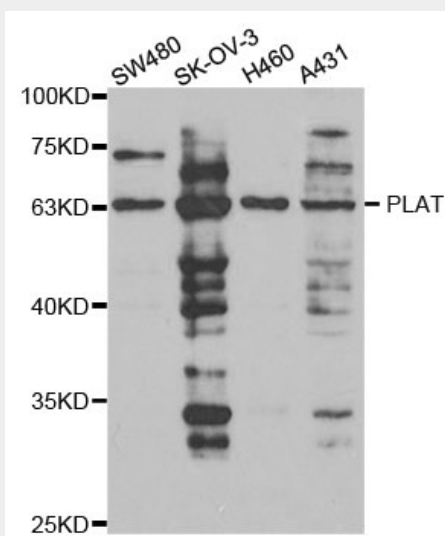
Volume

50 μ l

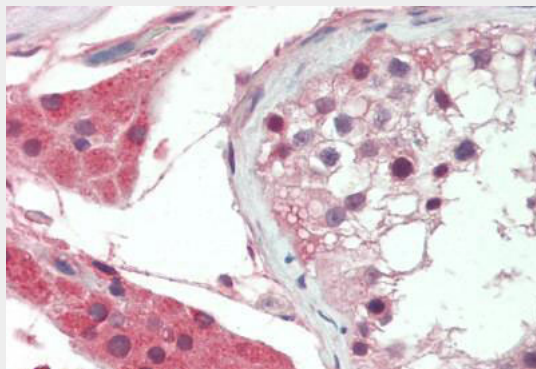
PLAT / TPA Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

PLAT / TPA Antibody - Images

Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using PLAT antibody.



Human Testis: Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE)

PLAT / TPA Antibody - Background

Converts the abundant, but inactive, zymogen plasminogen to plasmin by hydrolyzing a single Arg-Val bond in plasminogen. By controlling plasmin-mediated proteolysis, it plays an important role in tissue remodeling and degradation, in cell migration and many other physiopathological events. Plays a direct role in facilitating neuronal migration.