

SMAD2 Antibody (aa418-467)

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS16782

Specification

SMAD2 Antibody (aa418-467) - Product Information

Application IHC, ICC, WB
Primary Accession Other Accession 4087

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype IgG

Isotype IgG
Calculated MW 52306

SMAD2 Antibody (aa418-467) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4087

Other Names

SMAD2, HMAD-2, HSMAD2, JV18-1, Mad protein homolog smad2, MADR2, MADH2, SMAD 2, MAD homolog 2, Mad-related protein 2, JV18, Mother against DPP homolog 2, Mothers against DPP homolog 2, Sma- and Mad-related protein 2, SMAD family member 2

Target/Specificity

Smad2 (Ab-467) Antibody detects endogenous levels of total Smad2 protein.

Reconstitution & Storage

PBS, pH 7.4, 150 mM sodium chloride, 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol. Store at -20°C.

Precautions

SMAD2 Antibody (aa418-467) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SMAD2 Antibody (aa418-467) - Protein Information

Name SMAD2

Synonyms MADH2, MADR2

Function

Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. Promotes TGFB1-mediated transcription of odontoblastic differentiation genes in dental papilla cells (By similarity). Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator. May act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma



(PubMed:8752209).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cytoplasmic and nuclear in the absence of TGF-beta. On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 or with IPO7 (PubMed:9865696, PubMed:21145499). On dephosphorylation by phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, and exported out of the nucleus by interaction with RANBP1 (PubMed:16751101, PubMed:19289081). Localized mainly to the nucleus in the early stages of embryo development with expression becoming evident in the cytoplasm at the blastocyst and epiblast stages (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q62432, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16751101, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19289081,

ECO:0000269|PubMed:21145499, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9865696}

Tissue Location

Expressed at high levels in skeletal muscle, endothelial cells, heart and placenta.

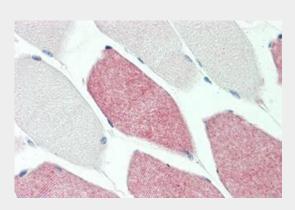
Volume 50 µl

SMAD2 Antibody (aa418-467) - Protocols

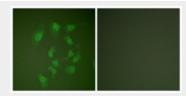
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

SMAD2 Antibody (aa418-467) - Images

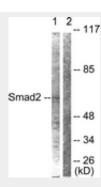


Anti-SMAD2 antibody IHC staining of human skeletal muscle.



Immunofluorescence of HepG2 cells, using Smad2 Antibody.





Western blot of extracts from HepG2 cells, using Smad2 Antibody.

SMAD2 Antibody (aa418-467) - Background

Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. May act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma. Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator.

SMAD2 Antibody (aa418-467) - References

Riggins G.J., et al. Nat. Genet. 13:347-349(1996). Zhang Y., et al. Nature 383:168-172(1996). Eppert K., et al. Cell 86:543-552(1996). Liu F., et al. Genes Dev. 11:3157-3167(1997). Takenoshita S., et al. Genomics 48:1-11(1998).