

LCN2 / Lipocalin 2 / NGAL Antibody

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS16855

Specification

LCN2 / Lipocalin 2 / NGAL Antibody - Product Information

Application IHC, WB **Primary Accession** P80188 Other Accession 3934 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype **IgG**

Calculated MW 22588

LCN2 / Lipocalin 2 / NGAL Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 3934

Other Names

LCN2, 24p3, HNL, Lipocalin 2, Lipocalin-2, MSFI, Siderocalin LCN2, NGAL, p25, Lipocalin 2 (oncogene 24p3), Oncogene 24p3

Reconstitution & Storage

PBS, pH 7.4, 0.03% Proclin 300, 50% glycerol. Aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

LCN2 / Lipocalin 2 / NGAL Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

LCN2 / Lipocalin 2 / NGAL Antibody - Protein Information

Name LCN2

Synonyms HNL, NGAL {ECO:0000303|PubMed:8060329}

Function

Iron-trafficking protein involved in multiple processes such as apoptosis, innate immunity and renal development (PubMed:12453413, PubMed:27780864, PubMed:20581821). Binds iron through association with 2,3-dihydroxybenzoic acid (2,3-DHBA), a siderophore that shares structural similarities with bacterial enterobactin, and delivers or removes iron from the cell, depending on the context. Iron-bound form (holo-24p3) is internalized following binding to the SLC22A17 (24p3R) receptor, leading to release of iron and subsequent increase of intracellular iron concentration. In contrast, association of the iron-free form (apo-24p3) with the SLC22A17 (24p3R) receptor is followed by association with an



intracellular siderophore, iron chelation and iron transfer to the extracellular medium, thereby reducing intracellular iron concentration. Involved in apoptosis due to interleukin-3 (IL3) deprivation: iron-loaded form increases intracellular iron concentration without promoting apoptosis, while iron-free form decreases intracellular iron levels, inducing expression of the proapoptotic protein BCL2L11/BIM, resulting in apoptosis (By similarity). Involved in innate immunity; limits bacterial proliferation by sequestering iron bound to microbial siderophores, such as enterobactin (PubMed:27780864" target="_blank">27780864). Can also bind siderophores from M.tuberculosis (PubMed:15642259, PubMed:21978368).

Cellular Location

Secreted. Cytoplasmic granule lumen. Cytoplasmic vesicle lumen. Note=Upon binding to the SLC22A17 (24p3R) receptor, it is internalized (By similarity). Releases the bound iron in the acidic lumen of cytoplasmic vesicles (PubMed:12453413, PubMed:20581821). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11672, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12453413, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20581821}

Tissue Location

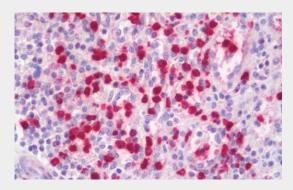
Detected in neutrophils (at protein level) (PubMed:7683678, PubMed:8298140). Expressed in bone marrow and in tissues that are prone to exposure to microorganism (PubMed:9339356) High expression is found in bone marrow as well as in uterus, prostate, salivary gland, stomach, appendix, colon, trachea and lung (PubMed:9339356). Expressed in the medullary tubules of the kidney (PubMed:30418175). Not found in the small intestine or peripheral blood leukocytes (PubMed:9339356).

LCN2 / Lipocalin 2 / NGAL Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

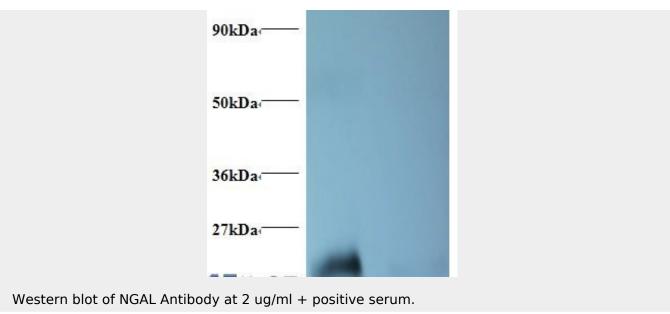
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

LCN2 / Lipocalin 2 / NGAL Antibody - Images



Anti-LCN2 / Lipocalin 2 / NGAL antibody IHC staining of human spleen.





LCN2 / Lipocalin 2 / NGAL Antibody - Background

Iron-trafficking protein involved in multiple processes such as apoptosis, innate immunity and renal development. Binds iron through association with 2,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid (2,5- DHBA), a siderophore that shares structural similarities with bacterial enterobactin, and delivers or removes iron from the cell, depending on the context. Iron-bound form (holo-24p3) is internalized following binding to the SLC22A17 (24p3R) receptor, leading to release of iron and subsequent increase of intracellular iron concentration. In contrast, association of the iron-free form (apo-24p3) with the SLC22A17 (24p3R) receptor is followed by association with an intracellular siderophore, iron chelation and iron transfer to the extracellular medium, thereby reducing intracellular iron concentration. Involved in apoptosis due to interleukin-3 (IL3) deprivation: iron-loaded form increases intracellular iron concentration without promoting apoptosis, while iron-free form decreases intracellular iron levels, inducing expression of the proapoptotic protein BCL2L11/BIM, resulting in apoptosis. Involved in innate immunity, possibly by sequestrating iron, leading to limit bacterial growth.

LCN2 / Lipocalin 2 / NGAL Antibody - References

Bundgaard J.R., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 202:1468-1475(1994). Cowland J.B., et al. Genomics 45:17-23(1997). Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Ebert L., et al. Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Humphray S.J., et al. Nature 429:369-374(2004).