

Anti-GPR174 Antibody (Extracellular Domain) Rabbit Anti Human Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # ALS17476

## Specification

# Anti-GPR174 Antibody (Extracellular Domain) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Predicted Host Clonality Calculated MW IHC-P <u>O9BXC1</u> Human, Rabbit, Monkey Rabbit Polyclonal 38503

## Anti-GPR174 Antibody (Extracellular Domain) - Additional Information

Gene ID 84636

Alias Symbol GPR174 Other Names GPR174, FKSG79, Jeg18, Purinergic receptor fksg79, G protein-coupled receptor 174

**Target/Specificity** Human GPR174. BLAST analysis of the peptide immunogen showed no homology with other human proteins, except RGAG1 (50%).

Reconstitution & Storage Immunoaffinity purified

**Precautions** Anti-GPR174 Antibody (Extracellular Domain) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### Anti-GPR174 Antibody (Extracellular Domain) - Protein Information

Name GPR174

Function

G-protein-coupled receptor of lysophosphatidylserine (LysoPS) that plays different roles in immune response (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36823105" target="\_blank">36823105</a>). Plays a negative role in regulatory T-cell accumulation and homeostasis. Under inflammatory conditions where LysoPS production increases, contributes to the down-regulation of regulatory T-cell activity to favor effector response. Mediates the suppression of IL-2 production in activated T-lymphocytes leading to inhibition of growth, proliferation and differentiation of T-cells. Mechanistically, acts via G(12)/G(13)- containing heterotrimeric G proteins to trigger elevated cyclic AMP levels and protein kinase A/PKA activity, which may in turn act to antagonize proximal TCR signaling. Plays an important role in the initial period of sepsis through the regulation of macrophage polarization and pro- and anti-inflammatory cytokine secretions. Upon testosterone treatment, acts as a receptor for CCL21 and subsequently



triggers through G(q)-alpha and G(12)/G(13) proteins a calcium flux leading to chemotactic effects on activated B-cells. Signals via GNA13 and PKA to promote CD86 up-regulation by follicular B-cells.

**Cellular Location** 

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

## Anti-GPR174 Antibody (Extracellular Domain) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

## Anti-GPR174 Antibody (Extracellular Domain) - Images