

Anti-GBP1 Antibody (clone 1B1)

Rat Anti Human Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS18002

Specification

Anti-GBP1 Antibody (clone 1B1) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, ICC

Primary Accession
Predicted
Human
Host
Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

Isotype IgG1
Calculated MW 67931

Anti-GBP1 Antibody (clone 1B1) - Additional Information

Gene ID 2633

Alias Symbol GBP1

Other Names

GBP1, GBP-1, GTP-binding protein 1, Guanylate binding protein 1, HuGBP-1

Target/Specificity

Human GBP1

Reconstitution & Storage

Protein G purified

Precautions

Anti-GBP1 Antibody (clone 1B1) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Anti-GBP1 Antibody (clone 1B1) - Protein Information

Name GBP1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:7512561, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:4182}

Function

Interferon (IFN)-inducible GTPase that plays important roles in innate immunity against a diverse range of bacterial, viral and protozoan pathogens (PubMed: <a

 $\label{lem:http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16511497" target="_blank">16511497, PubMed:22106366, PubMed:29144452, PubMed:31268602, PubMed:7512561, PubMed:37797010, PubMed:32510692, PubMed:32510692, PubMed:32581219). Hydrolyzes$

GTP to GMP in two consecutive cleavage reactions: GTP is first hydrolyzed to GDP and then to GMP



in a processive manner (PubMed:16511497, PubMed:32510692, PubMed:7512561). Following infection, recruited to the pathogen-containing vacuoles or vacuole-escaped bacteria and promotes both inflammasome assembly and autophagy (PubMed:29144452, PubMed:31268602). Acts as a positive regulator of inflammasome assembly by facilitating the detection of inflammasome ligands from pathogens (PubMed:31268602, PubMed:32510692, PubMed:32581219). Involved in the lysis of pathogen-containing vacuoles, releasing pathogens into the cytosol (By similarity). Following pathogen release in the cytosol, forms a protein coat in a GTPase-dependent manner that encapsulates pathogens and promotes the detection of ligands by pattern recognition receptors (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32510692" target="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32510692" target="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32510692"

target="_blank">32510692, PubMed:32581219). Plays a key role in inflammasome assembly in response to infection by Gram-negative bacteria: following pathogen release in the cytosol, forms a protein coat that encapsulates Gram-negative bacteria and directly binds to lipopolysaccharide (LPS), disrupting the O-antigen barrier and unmasking lipid A that is that detected by the non-canonical inflammasome effector CASP4/CASP11 (PubMed:32510692, PubMed:32581219). Also promotes recruitment of proteins that mediate bacterial cytolysis, leading to release double-stranded DNA (dsDNA) that activates the AIM2 inflammasome (PubMed:31268602). Involved in autophagy by regulating bacteriolytic peptide generation via its interaction with ubiquitin-binding protein SQSTM1, which delivers monoubiquitinated proteins to autolysosomes for the generation of bacteriolytic peptides (By similarity). Confers protection to several pathogens, including the bacterial pathogens L.monocytogenes and M.bovis BCG as well as the protozoan pathogen T.gondii (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31268602"

target="_blank">31268602). Exhibits antiviral activity against influenza virus (PubMed:22106366).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Golgi apparatus membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasmic side.

Anti-GBP1 Antibody (clone 1B1) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence





• Immunoprecipitation

- Flow CytometyCell Culture

Anti-GBP1 Antibody (clone 1B1) - Images