

# Anti-CXCL10 / IP-10 Antibody (clone 2H11E8)

Mouse Anti Human Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS18467

#### Specification

# Anti-CXCL10 / IP-10 Antibody (clone 2H11E8) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Predicted Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW WB, IHC-P, E P02778 Human Mouse Monoclonal IgG2b,k 10881

#### Anti-CXCL10 / IP-10 Antibody (clone 2H11E8) - Additional Information

Gene ID 3627

Alias Symbol CXCL10 Other Names CXCL10, C-X-C motif chemokine 10, Gamma-IP10, IP-10, Gamma IP10, GIP-10, Mob-1, Small-inducible cytokine B10, Crg-2, IF110, INP10, SCYB10

Target/Specificity Human IP10.

Reconstitution & Storage Protein A purified

**Precautions** Anti-CXCL10 / IP-10 Antibody (clone 2H11E8) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Anti-CXCL10 / IP-10 Antibody (clone 2H11E8) - Protein Information

Name CXCL10

Synonyms INP10, SCYB10

Function

Pro-inflammatory cytokine that is involved in a wide variety of processes such as chemotaxis, differentiation, and activation of peripheral immune cells, regulation of cell growth, apoptosis and modulation of angiostatic effects (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7540647" target="\_blank">7540647</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11157474" target="\_blank">711157474</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22652417" target="\_blank">22652417</a>). Plays thereby an important role during viral infections by stimulating the activation and migration of immune cells to the infected sites (By similarity). Mechanistically, binding of CXCL10 to the CXCR3 receptor activates G protein-mediated signaling



and results in downstream activation of phospholipase C-dependent pathway, an increase in intracellular calcium production and actin reorganization (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12750173" target="\_blank">12750173</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19151743" target="\_blank">19151743</a>). In turn, recruitment of activated Th1 lymphocytes occurs at sites of inflammation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12750173" target="\_blank">12750173</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12750173" target="\_blank">12750173</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12663757" target="\_blank">12663757</a>). Activation of the CXCL10/CXCR3 axis also plays an important role in neurons in response to brain injury for activating microglia, the resident macrophage population of the central nervous system, and directing them to the lesion site. This recruitment is an essential element for neuronal reorganization (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** Secreted.

#### **Tissue Location**

Mainly secreted by monocytes, endothelial cells as well as fibroblasts. Expressed by epithelial cells in thymus (PubMed:11157474). Microglial cells produce CXCL10 in response to viral stimulation (PubMed:12663757).

## Anti-CXCL10 / IP-10 Antibody (clone 2H11E8) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-CXCL10 / IP-10 Antibody (clone 2H11E8) - Images