

Synapsin I Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody, neat serum Catalog # AN1093

Specification

Synapsin I Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P17599

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Calculated MW 78 KDa

Synapsin I Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 281510
Gene Name SYN1
Other Names

Synapsin-1, Synapsin I, SYN1

Target/Specificity

Native protein purified from bovine brain.

Dilution

WB~~ 1:1000

Format

Unpurified neat serum.

Antibody Specificity

Specific for the \sim 78k synapsin I protein doublet. Immunolabelingblocked by preadsorption of theantibody with the protein used to generate the antibody.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Synapsin I Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Shipping

Blue Ice

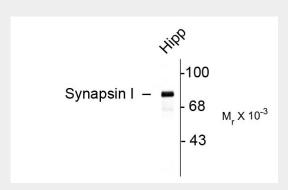
Synapsin I Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Synapsin I Antibody - Images



Western blot of rat hippocampal (Hipp) lysate showing specific immunolabeling of the \sim 78k synapsin I doublet protein.

Synapsin I Antibody - Background

Synapsin I plays a key role in synaptic plasticity in the brain (Feng et al.,

2002; Nayak et al., 1996). This effect is due in large part to the ability of the synapsins to regulate the availability of synaptic vesicles for release. In addition to its role in plasticity, the expression of synapsin I is a precise indicator of synapse formation (Moore and Bernstein, 1989; Stone et al., 1994). Thus, Synapsin I immunocytochemistry provides a valuable tool for the study of synaptogenesis. The role of synapsin in synaptic plasticity and in synaptogensis is regulated by phosphorylation (Jovanovic et al., 2001; Kao et al., 2002).

Synapsin I Antibody - References

Feng J, Chi P, Blanpied TA, Xu YM, Magarinos AM, Fe rreira A, Takahashi RH, Kao HT, McEwen BS, Ryan TA,

Augustine GJ, Greengard P (2002) Regulation of neurotransmitter release by synapsin III. J Neurosci 22:4372-

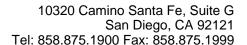
4380.

Jovanovic JN, Sihra TS, Nairn AC, Hemmings HC, Jr., Gr eengard P, Czernik AJ (2001) Opposing changes in phosphorylation of specific sites in synapsin I during Ca 2+

-dependent glutamate release in isolated nerve terminals. J Neurosci 21:7944-7953.

Kao HT, Song HJ, Porton B, Ming GL, Hoh J, Abraham M, Czernik AJ, Pieribone VA, Poo MM, Greengard P (2002) A protein kinase A-dependent molecular switch in synapsin s regulates neurite outgrowth. Nature Neurosci 5:431-437.

Moore RY, Bernstein M (1989) Synaptogenesis in the rat suprachiasmatic nucleus demonstrated by





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microscopy and synapsin I immunoreactivity. J Neurosci 9:2151-2162. Nayak AS, Moore CI, Browning MD (1996) CaM kinase II phosphorylation of the presyn aptic protein synapsin is persistently increased during expression of long-term po tentiation. Proc Natl Acad Sci (USA) 93:15451-15456. Stone LM, Browning MD, Finger TE (1994) Differential dist ribution of the synapsins in the rat olfactory bulb. J Neurosci 14:301-309. Note: Dr. Michael Browning and Dr. Andrew Czernik, co-authors of the cited papers are the President

and Chief Scientific Officer of Phosph oSolutions and two of its founders.