

# Clavesin 1/2 Antibody

Affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody Catalog # AN1201

### **Specification**

## Clavesin 1/2 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession A6JFO6
Reactivity Rat

Predicted Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Calculated MW 35 KDa

# Clavesin 1/2 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 366311
Gene Name CLVS1/2

**Other Names** 

Clavesin-1, Retinaldehyde-binding protein 1-like 1, Clvs1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:19651769}

#### Target/Specificity

Synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acid residues from the C-terminal region conjugated to KLH.

#### **Dilution**

WB~~ 1:1000

#### **Format**

Prepared from serum by affinity purification using a column to which the peptide antigen was coupled.

#### **Antibody Specificity**

Specific for the  $\sim 35$  kDa clavesin 1/2 protein doublet in Western blots ofrat brain lysate. Isoform-specific knock down in cultured hippocampal neurons indicates that thelower and upper bands are clavesin 1 and 2, respectively.

### **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

Clavesin 1/2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **Shipping**

Blue Ice

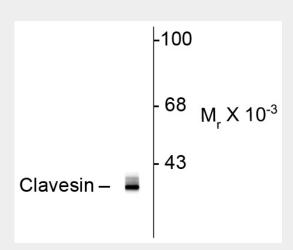


# Clavesin 1/2 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## Clavesin 1/2 Antibody - Images



Western blot of rat hippocampal homogenate showing specific immunolabeling of the  $\sim 35 k$  clavesin protein.

# Clavesin 1/2 Antibody - Background

Clavesin (clathrin vesicle associated Sec14 protein) is a novel neuron specific protein that has recently been identified and shown to be required for normal morphology of late endosomes and/or lysosomes as lentiviral-mediated knockdown of clavesin in hippocampal neurons causes lysosomal defects (Katoh et al., 2009). Additionally, upregulation of clavesin in human hepatocellular carcinoma has recently been demonstrated thus making it a useful marker for this disease state (Zhao et al., 2008).

# Clavesin 1/2 Antibody - References

Yohei Katoh, Brigitte Ritter, Thomas Gaffry, Francois Blondeau, Stefan Höning and Peter S. McPherson (2009) the clavesin family: neuron-specific lipid- and clathrin-binding Sec14 proteins regulating lysosomal morphology. Journal of Biological Chemistry Oct 2;284(40):27646-54.

Zhao S, Xu C, Qian H, Lv L, Ji C, Chen C, Zhao X, Zheng D, Gu S, Xie Y, Mao Y (2008) Cellular retinaldehyde-binding protein-like (CRALBPL), a novel human Sec14p-like gene that is upregulated in human hepatocellular carcinomas, may be used as a marker for human hepatocellular carcinomas. DNA Cell Biol. Mar; 27(3):159-63.