

## **IL-10 Antibody**

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1011a

## **Specification**

## **IL-10 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession P22301
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype IgG1

**Description** 

Interleukine 10 (IL-10) is a cytokine produced primarily by monocytes and to a lesser extent by lymphocytes. This cytokine has pleiotropic effects in immunoregulation and inflammation. It down-regulates the expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC class II Ags, and costimulatory molecules on macrophages. It also enhances B cell survival, proliferation, and antibody production. This cytokine can block NF-kappa B activity, and is involved in the regulation of the JAK-STAT signaling pathway. Knockout studies in mice suggested the function of this cytokine as an essential immunoregulator in the intestinal tract.

## **Immunogen**

Purified recombinant fragment of human IL-10 expressed in E. Coli.

#### Formulation

Purified antibody in PBS containing 0.03% sodium azide.

## **IL-10 Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 3586** 

### **Other Names**

Interleukin-10, IL-10, Cytokine synthesis inhibitory factor, CSIF, IL10

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1/500 - 1/2000

#### Storage

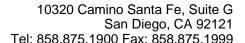
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Precautions**

IL-10 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **IL-10 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name IL10





#### **Function**

Major immune regulatory cytokine that acts on many cells of the immune system where it has profound anti-inflammatory functions, limiting excessive tissue disruption caused by inflammation. Mechanistically, IL10 binds to its heterotetrameric receptor comprising IL10RA and IL10RB leading to JAK1 and STAT2-mediated phosphorylation of STAT3 (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16982608" target=" blank">16982608</a>). In turn, STAT3 translocates to the nucleus where it drives expression of anti-inflammatory mediators (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18025162" target=" blank">18025162</a>). Targets antigen-presenting cells (APCs) such as macrophages and monocytes and inhibits their release of pro- inflammatory cytokines including granulocyte-macrophage colony- stimulating factor /GM-CSF, granulocyte colony-stimulating factor/G- CSF, IL-1 alpha, IL-1 beta, IL-6, IL-8 and TNF-alpha (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1940799" target=" blank">1940799</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7512027" target="blank">7512027</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11564774" target="blank">11564774</a>). Interferes also with antigen presentation by reducing the expression of MHC-class II and co-stimulatory molecules, thereby inhibiting their ability to induce T cell activation (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8144879" target=" blank">8144879</a>). In addition, controls the inflammatory response of macrophages by reprogramming essential metabolic pathways including mTOR signaling (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** Secreted.

### **Tissue Location**

Produced by a variety of cell lines, including T- cells, macrophages, mast cells and other cell types

## **IL-10 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## IL-10 Antibody - Images

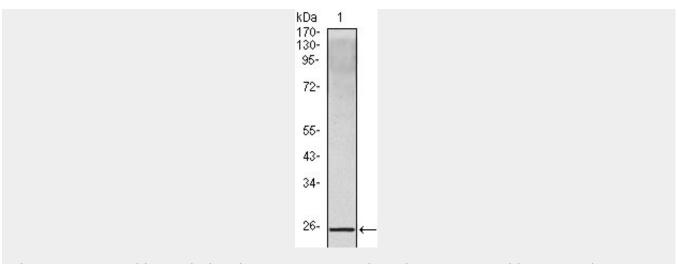


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using IL10 mouse mAb against IL10 recombinant protein.

# **IL-10 Antibody - References**

1. Vieira P, et al. PNAS, 1991.88:1172-1176.