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CRYAB Antibody
Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # AO1152a

Specification

CRYAB Antibody - Product Information

Application	**WB, IHC**
Primary Accession	P02511
Reactivity	**Human**
Host	**Mouse**
Clonality	**Monoclonal**
Isotype	**IgG2a**

Description
Crystallin, alpha B. Crystallins are separated into two classes: taxon-specific, or enzyme, and ubiquitous. The latter class constitutes the major proteins of vertebrate eye lens and maintains the transparency and refractive index of the lens. Since lens central fiber cells lose their nuclei during development, these crystallins are made and then retained throughout life, making them extremely stable proteins. Mammalian lens crystallins are divided into alpha, beta, and gamma families; beta and gamma crystallins are also considered as a superfamily. Alpha and beta families are further divided into acidic and basic groups. Seven protein regions exist in crystallins: four homologous motifs, a connecting peptide, and N- and C-terminal extensions. Alpha crystallins are composed of two gene products: alpha-A and alpha-B, for acidic and basic, respectively. Alpha crystallins can be induced by heat shock and are members of the small heat shock protein (sHSP also known as the HSP20) family. They act as molecular chaperones although they do not renature proteins and release them in the fashion of a true chaperone; instead they hold them in large soluble aggregates. Post-translational modifications decrease the ability to chaperone. These heterogeneous aggregates consist of 30-40 subunits; the alpha-A and alpha-B subunits have a 3:1 ratio, respectively. Two additional functions of alpha crystallins are an autokinase activity and participation in the intracellular architecture. Alpha-A and alpha-B gene products are differentially expressed; alpha-A is preferentially restricted to the lens and alpha-B is expressed widely in many tissues and organs. Elevated expression of alpha-B crystallin occurs in many neurological diseases; a missense mutation cosegregated in a family with a desmin-related myopathy.

Immunogen
Purified recombinant fragment of CRYAB (aa1-175) expressed in E. Coli.

Formulation
Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

CRYAB Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1410

Other Names
Alpha-crystallin B chain, Alpha(B)-crystallin, Heat shock protein beta-5, HspB5, Renal carcinoma antigen NY-REN-27, Rosenthal fiber component, CRYAB, CRYA2

Dilution
WB~~1/500 - 1/2000

IHC~~1/500 - 1/2000

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
CRYAB Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CRYAB Antibody - Protein Information

Name CRYAB (HGNC:2389)

Synonyms CRYA2, HSPB5

Function
May contribute to the transparency and refractive index of the lens. Has chaperone-like activity, preventing aggregation of various proteins under a wide range of stress conditions. In lens epithelial cells, stabilizes the ATP6V1A protein, preventing its degradation by the proteasome (By similarity).

Cellular Location
Cytoplasm. Nucleus Secreted. Lysosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P23927}. Note=Translocates to the nucleus during heat shock and resides in sub-nuclear structures known as SC35 speckles or nuclear splicing speckles (PubMed:19464326). Localizes at the Z- bands and the intercalated disk in cardiomyocytes (PubMed:28493373) Can be secreted; the secretion is dependent on protein unfolding and facilitated by the cargo receptor TMED10; it results in protein translocation from the cytoplasm into the ERGIC (endoplasmic reticulum- Golgi intermediate compartment) followed by vesicle entry and secretion (PubMed:32272059).

Tissue Location
Lens as well as other tissues (PubMed:838078, PubMed:2387586). Expressed in myocardial tissue (PubMed:28493373)

CRYAB Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CRYAB Antibody - Images

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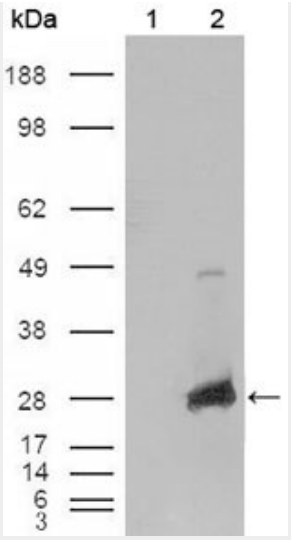


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using CRYAB mouse mAb against HEK293T cells transfected with the pCMV6-ENTRY control (1) and pCMV6-ENTRY CRYAB cDNA (2).

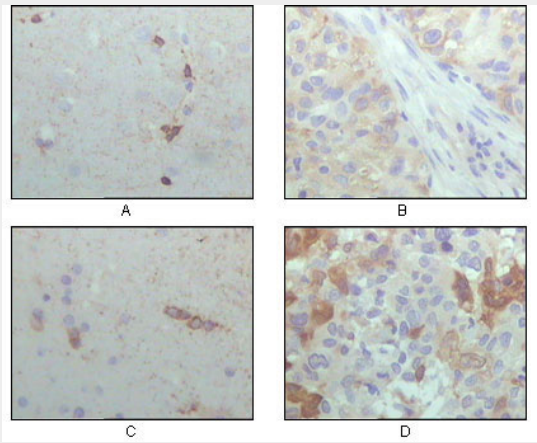


Figure 2: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain hippocampus (A), lung cancer (B), brain tumor (C), breast cance (D), showing cytoplasmic localization with DAB staining using CRYAB mouse mAb.

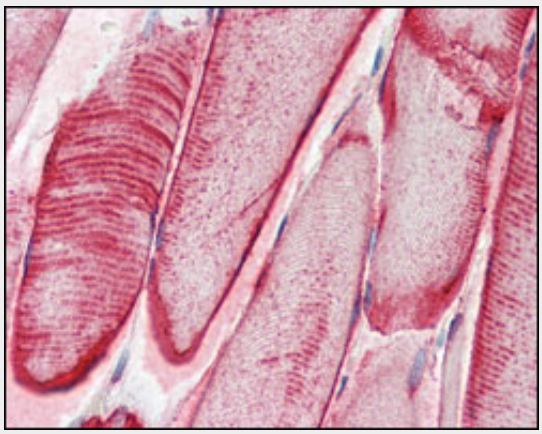


Figure 3: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human skeletal muscle tissues using CRYAB mouse mAb.

CRYAB Antibody - References

1. Cell. 2007 Aug 10;130(3):427-39. 2. Biochemistry. 2006 Nov 21;45(46):13847-54. 3. J Mol Biol. 2007 Sep 14;372(2):470-84.