

SREBF2 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP10673C

Specification

SREBF2 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application IF, WB, IHC-P,E **Primary Accession** 012772 NP 004590.2 Other Accession Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 123688 Antigen Region 399-427

SREBF2 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 6721

Other Names

Sterol regulatory element-binding protein 2, SREBP-2, Class D basic helix-loop-helix protein 2, bHLHd2, Sterol regulatory element-binding transcription factor 2, Processed sterol regulatory element-binding protein 2, SREBF2, BHLHD2, SREBP2

Target/Specificity

This SREBF2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 399-427 amino acids from the Central region of human SREBF2.

Dilution

IF~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

SREBF2 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SREBF2 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information



Name SREBF2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:32322062, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11290}

Function [Sterol regulatory element-binding protein 2]: Precursor of the transcription factor form (Processed sterol regulatory element- binding protein 2), which is embedded in the endoplasmic reticulum membrane (PubMed:32322062). Low sterol concentrations promote processing of this form, releasing the transcription factor form that translocates into the nucleus and activates transcription of genes involved in cholesterol biosynthesis (PubMed:32322062).

Cellular Location

[Sterol regulatory element-binding protein 2]: Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle, COPII-coated vesicle membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=At high sterol concentrations, the SCAP-SREBP is retained in the endoplasmic reticulum (PubMed:32322062). Low sterol concentrations promote recruitment into COPII-coated vesicles and transport of the SCAP-SREBP to the Golgi, where it is processed (PubMed:32322062).

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed in adult and fetal tissues.

SREBF2 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

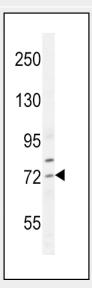
SREBF2 Antibody (Center) - Images



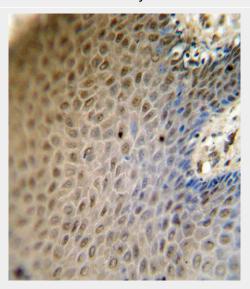
Fluorescent image of U251 cell stained with SREBF2 Antibody (Center)(Cat#AP10673c).U251 cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then incubated with SREBF2 primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37° C). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488



conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400, 50 min at 37°C). Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7units/ml, 1 h at 37°C). SREBF2 immunoreactivity is localized to Nucleus and Nucleolus significantly.



SREBF2 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP10673c) western blot analysis in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the SREBF2 antibody detected the SREBF2 protein (arrow).



SREBF2 antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP10673c) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human skin carcinoma followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the SREBF2 antibody (Center) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

SREBF2 Antibody (Center) - Background

SREBPs, including SREBP-1a, SREBP-1c, and SREBP-2, constitute a family of basic helix-loop-helix (bHLH) transcription factors that play a critical role in lipid homeostasis by regulating genes involved in cholesterol and fatty acid metabolism. Each SREBP consists of three domains, including an amino-terminal transcription factor domain of ~480 amino acids, a middle hydrophobic region of ~80 amino acids containing two hydrophobic transmembrane segments, and a carboxy-terminal regulatory domain of ~590 amino acids. SREBP-2 regulates cholesterol synthesis by activating the transcription of genes for HMG-CoA reductase and other enzymes of the cholesterol synthetic pathway. SREBP-2 is ubiquitously detected in various tissues. Under basal conditions SREBP is bound to ER membranes as a glycosylated precursor protein. Upon cholesterol depletion, the







protein is cleaved to its active forms (about 50-68 kDa) and translocated into the nucleus to stimulate transcription of genes involved in the uptake and synthesis of cholesterol.

SREBF2 Antibody (Center) - References

Gerin, I., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(44):33652-33661(2010) Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Marquart, T.J., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 107(27):12228-12232(2010) Najafi-Shoushtari, S.H., et al. Science 328(5985):1566-1569(2010) Pramfalk, C., et al. J. Lipid Res. 51(6):1354-1362(2010)