

TNFR-S274 Antibody
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP11142a**Specification**

TNFR-S274 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, FC,E
Primary Accession	P19438
Other Accession	NP_001056.1
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	50495
Antigen Region	252-281

TNFR-S274 Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 7132**Other Names**

Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A, Tumor necrosis factor receptor 1, TNF-R1, Tumor necrosis factor receptor type I, TNF-RI, TNFR-I, p55, p60, CD120a, Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 1A, membrane form, Tumor necrosis factor-binding protein 1, TBPI, TNFRSF1A, TNFAR, TNFR1

Target/Specificity

This TNFR antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 252-281 amino acids from human TNFR.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000
FC~~1:10~50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

TNFR-S274 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TNFR-S274 Antibody - Protein Information

Name TNFRSF1A

Synonyms TNFAR, TNFR1

Function Receptor for TNFSF2/TNF-alpha and homotrimeric TNFSF1/lymphotoxin-alpha. The adapter molecule FADD recruits caspase-8 to the activated receptor. The resulting death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation which initiates the subsequent cascade of caspases (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) mediating apoptosis. Contributes to the induction of non-cytocidal TNF effects including anti-viral state and activation of the acid sphingomyelinase.

Cellular Location

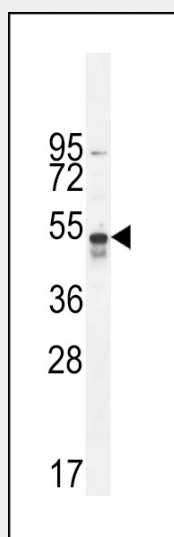
Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Secreted. Note=A secreted form is produced through proteolytic processing

TNFR-S274 Antibody - Protocols

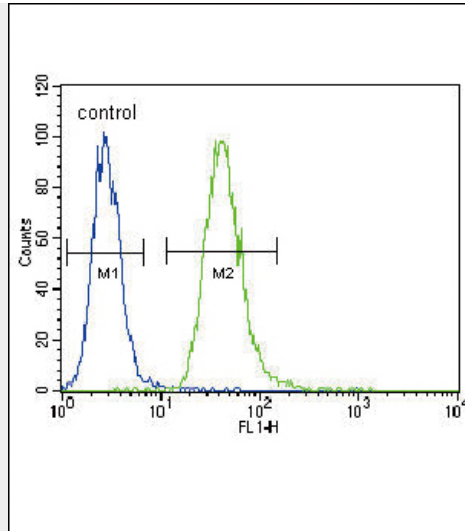
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

TNFR-S274 Antibody - Images



hTNFR-pS274 (Cat. #AP11142a) western blot analysis in A549 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the TNFR antibody detected the TNFR protein (arrow).



TNFR-S274 Antibody (Cat. #AP11142a) flow cytometric analysis of A549 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

TNFR-S274 Antibody - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This protein is one of the major receptors for the tumor necrosis factor- α . This receptor can activate NF- κ B, mediate apoptosis, and function as a regulator of inflammation. Antiapoptotic protein BCL2-associated athanogene 4 (BAG4/SODD) and adaptor proteins TRADD and TRAF2 have been shown to interact with this receptor, and thus play regulatory roles in the signal transduction mediated by the receptor. Germline mutations of the extracellular domains of this receptor were found to be associated with the autosomal dominant periodic fever syndrome. The impaired receptor clearance is thought to be a mechanism of the disease.

TNFR-S274 Antibody - References

Giroux, S., et al. Bone 47(5):975-981(2010)
Romero, R., et al. Am. J. Obstet. Gynecol. 203 (4), 361 (2010) :
Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010)
Wolanska, M., et al. Ginekol. Pol. 81(6):431-434(2010)
Sainz, J., et al. Int J Immunopathol Pharmacol 23(2):423-436(2010)