

# SUMO2/3 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP1223a

### Specification

# SUMO2/3 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession Reactivity	<u>P61956</u> Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG

## SUMO2/3 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

### Gene ID 6613

Other Names Small ubiquitin-related modifier 2, SUMO-2, HSMT3, SMT3 homolog 2 {ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11125}, SUMO-3, Sentrin-2, Ubiquitin-like protein SMT3B, Smt3B, SUMO2 (<a href="http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene\_symbol\_report?hgnc\_id=11125" target="\_blank">HGNC:11125</a>)

Dilution WB~~1:2000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** SUMO2/3 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# SUMO2/3 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name SUMO2 (<u>HGNC:11125</u>)

**Function** Ubiquitin-like protein that can be covalently attached to proteins as a monomer or as a lysine-linked polymer. Covalent attachment via an isopeptide bond to its substrates requires prior activation by the E1 complex SAE1-SAE2 and linkage to the E2 enzyme UBE2I, and can be promoted by an E3 ligase such as PIAS1-4, RANBP2, CBX4 or ZNF451 (PubMed:<u>26524494</u>). This post-translational modification on lysine residues of proteins plays a crucial role in a number of cellular processes such as nuclear transport, DNA replication and repair, mitosis and signal



transduction. Polymeric SUMO2 chains are also susceptible to polyubiquitination which functions as a signal for proteasomal degradation of modified proteins (PubMed:<u>18408734</u>, PubMed:<u>18538659</u>, PubMed:<u>21965678</u>, PubMed:<u>9556629</u>). Plays a role in the regulation of sumoylation status of SETX (PubMed:<u>24105744</u>).

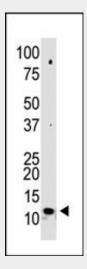
Cellular Location Nucleus. Nucleus, PML body.

Tissue Location Broadly expressed..

# SUMO2/3 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

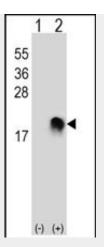
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>
- SUMO2/3 Antibody (N-term) Images

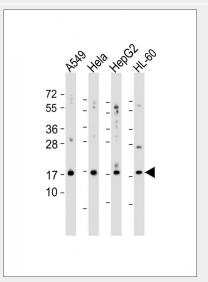


Western blot analysis of anti-SUMO2/3 N-term polyclonal antibody (Cat. #AP1223a) in 293 cell lysate. Sumo2/3 (arrow) was detected using purified Pab. Secondary HRP-anti-rabbit was used for signal visualization with chemiluminescence.





Western blot analysis of SUMO2/3 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal SUMO2/3 Antibody (M1) (Cat. #AP1223a). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the SUMO2/3 gene.



All lanes : Anti-SUMO2/3 Antibody (M1) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: A549 whole cell lysates Lane 2: Hela whole cell lysates Lane 3: HepG2 whole cell lysates Lane 4: HL-60 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 11 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

# SUMO2/3 Antibody (N-term) - Background

SUMO2 and SUMO3 are members of the SUMO (small ubiquitin-like modifier) protein family. This protein family functions in a manner similar to ubiquitin in that it is bound to target proteins as part of a post-translational modification system. However, unlike ubiquitin which targets proteins for degradation, this protein is involved in a variety of cellular processes, such as nuclear transport, transcriptional regulation, apoptosis, and protein stability. In vertebrates, three members of the SUMO family have been described, SUMO 1 and the functionally distinct homologues SUMO 2 and SUMO 3. SUMO modification sites present in the N terminal regions of SUMO 2 and SUMO 3 are utilized by SAE1/SAE2 (SUMO E1) and Ubc9 (SUMO E2) to form polymeric chains of SUMO 2 and SUMO 3 on protein substrates, a property not shared by SUMO 1.

# SUMO2/3 Antibody (N-term) - References

Strausberg, R.L., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99(26):16899-16903 (2002). Lapenta, V., et al., Genomics 40(2):362-366 (1997). Mannen, H., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.



# 222(1):178-180 (1996). SUMO2/3 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

• <u>Regulation of the Ets-1 transcription factor by sumoylation and ubiquitinylation.</u>