

KCNK1 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP12727b

Specification

KCNK1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession 000180

Other Accession <u>09Z2T2</u>, <u>05UE96</u>, <u>NP 002236.1</u>

Reactivity
Predicted
Rabbit, Rat
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region
Residue Human
Rabbit, Rat
Rabbit
Rabbit
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
263-292

KCNK1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 3775

Other Names

Potassium channel subfamily K member 1, Inward rectifying potassium channel protein TWIK-1, Potassium channel KCNO1, KCNK1, HOHO1, KCNO1, TWIK1

Target/Specificity

This KCNK1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 263-292 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human KCNK1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

KCNK1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

KCNK1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name KCNK1



Synonyms HOHO1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9462864}, KCNO

Function Ion channel that contributes to passive transmembrane potassium transport and to the regulation of the resting membrane potential in brain astrocytes, but also in kidney and in other tissues (PubMed: 15820677, PubMed: 21653227). Forms dimeric channels through which potassium ions pass in accordance with their electrochemical gradient. The channel is selective for K(+) ions at physiological potassium concentrations and at neutral pH, but becomes permeable to Na(+) at subphysiological K(+) levels and upon acidification of the extracellular medium (PubMed: 21653227, PubMed: 22431633). The homodimer has very low potassium channel activity, when expressed in heterologous systems, and can function as weakly inward rectifying potassium channel (PubMed:8605869, PubMed:8978667, PubMed:15820677, PubMed:21653227, PubMed: 22431633, PubMed: 23169818, PubMed: 25001086). Channel activity is modulated by activation of serotonin receptors (By similarity). Heterodimeric channels containing KCNK1 and KCNK2 have much higher activity, and may represent the predominant form in astrocytes (By similarity). Heterodimeric channels containing KCNK1 and KCNK3 or KCNK9 have much higher activity (PubMed:23169818). Heterodimeric channels formed by KCNK1 and KCNK9 may contribute to halothane-sensitive currents (PubMed: 23169818). Mediates outward rectifying potassium currents in dentate gyrus granule cells and contributes to the regulation of their resting membrane potential (By similarity). Contributes to the regulation of action potential firing in dentate gyrus granule cells and down-regulates their intrinsic excitability (By similarity). In astrocytes, the heterodimer formed by KCNK1 and KCNK2 is required for rapid glutamate release in response to activation of G- protein coupled receptors, such as F2R and CNR1 (By similarity). Required for normal ion and water transport in the kidney (By similarity). Contributes to the regulation of the resting membrane potential of pancreatic beta cells (By similarity). The low channel activity of homodimeric KCNK1 may be due to sumoylation (PubMed: 15820677, PubMed: 20498050, PubMed:23169818). The low channel activity may be due to rapid internalization from the cell membrane and retention in recycling endosomes (PubMed: 19959478).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000269|PubMed:22282804, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8978667, ECO:0000305} Recycling endosome. Synaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z2T2}. Cytoplasmic vesicle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O08581}. Perikaryon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:008581}. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:008581}. Cell projection {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:008581}. Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=The heterodimer with KCNK2 is detected at the astrocyte cell membrane. Not detected at the astrocyte cell membrane when KCNK2 is absent. Detected on neuronal cell bodies, and to a lesser degree on neuronal cell projections. Detected on hippocampus dentate gyrus granule cell bodies and to a lesser degree on proximal dendrites Detected at the apical cell membrane in stria vascularis in the cochlea. Detected at the apical cell membrane of vestibular dark cells situated between the crista and the utricle in the inner ear. Detected at the apical cell membrane in kidney proximal tubule segment S1 and in subapical compartments in segments S1, S2 and S3. Predominantly in cytoplasmic structures in kidney distal convoluted tubules and collecting ducts (By similarity). Detected at the apical cell membrane of bronchial epithelial cells (PubMed:21964404) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:008581, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z2T2, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21964404}

Tissue Location

Detected in bronchial epithelial cells (PubMed:21964404). Detected in heart left atrium and left ventricle (PubMed:17478540). Detected in cardiac myocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:21653227). Widely expressed with high levels in heart, brain and kidney, and lower levels in colon, ovary, placenta, lung and liver (PubMed:8605869, PubMed:9362344). Highly expressed in cerebellum, and detected at lower levels in amygdala, caudate nucleus, brain cortex, hippocampus, putamen, substantia nigra, thalamus, dorsal root ganglion, spinal cord, pituitary, heart, kidney, lung, placenta, pancreas, stomach, small intestine, uterus and prostate (PubMed:11165377) Detected in right and left heart ventricle and atrium, and in heart Purkinje fibers (PubMed:17478540).

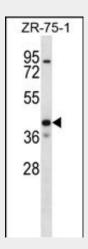


KCNK1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

KCNK1 Antibody (C-term) - Images



KCNK1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP12727b) western blot analysis in ZR-75-1 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the KCNK1 antibody detected the KCNK1 protein (arrow).

KCNK1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

This gene encodes one of the members of the superfamily of potassium channel proteins containing two pore-forming P domains. The product of this gene has not been shown to be a functional channel, however, it may require other non-pore-forming proteins for activity.

KCNK1 Antibody (C-term) - References

Feliciangeli, S., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(7):4798-4805(2010) McGeachie, M., et al. Circulation 120(24):2448-2454(2009) Zhou, M., et al. J. Neurosci. 29(26):8551-8564(2009) Goldstein, S.A., et al. Pharmacol. Rev. 57(4):527-540(2005) Rajan, S., et al. Cell 121(1):37-47(2005)