

OR2A42 Antibody (C-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP13263b

Specification

OR2A42 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB,E <u>O8NGT9</u> <u>NP_001001802.1</u>, <u>NP_001005287.1</u> Human Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 34714 282-310

OR2A42 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 346528;402317

Other Names Olfactory receptor 2A1/2A42, Olfactory receptor OR7-16, Olfactory receptor OR7-19, OR2A1

Target/Specificity This OR2A42 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 282-310 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human OR2A42.

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions OR2A42 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR2A42 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name OR2A1

Function Odorant receptor.



Cellular Location

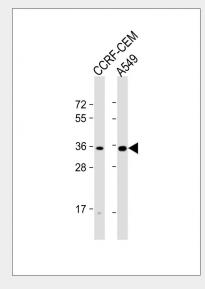
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR2A42 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

OR2A42 Antibody (C-term) - Images



All lanes : Anti-OR2A42 Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: CCRF-CEM whole cell lysate Lane 2: A549 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 35 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

OR2A42 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.



OR2A42 Antibody (C-term) - References

Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004) Fuchs, T., et al. Genomics 80(3):295-302(2002)