

### TARDBP Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP13763a

### Specification

# **TARDBP Antibody (N-term) - Product Information**

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Predicted Host Clonality Isotype Antigen Region IF, WB, IHC-P,E <u>Q13148</u> <u>Q921F2</u>, <u>Q5ZLN5</u>, <u>NP\_031401.1</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Chicken Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 1-30

### TARDBP Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 23435

Other Names TAR DNA-binding protein 43, TDP-43, TARDBP, TDP43

Target/Specificity

This TARDBP antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human TARDBP.

**Dilution** IF~~1:10~50 WB~~1:2000 IHC-P~~1:100

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

TARDBP Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **TARDBP Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**

Name TARDBP {ECO:0000303|PubMed:18396105, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11571}



Function RNA-binding protein that is involved in various steps of RNA biogenesis and processing (PubMed:23519609). Preferentially binds, via its two RNA recognition motifs RRM1 and RRM2, to GU-repeats on RNA molecules predominantly localized within long introns and in the 3'UTR of mRNAs (PubMed:23519609, PubMed:24240615, PubMed:24464995). In turn, regulates the splicing of many non-coding and protein-coding RNAs including proteins involved in neuronal survival, as well as mRNAs that encode proteins relevant for neurodegenerative diseases (PubMed: 21358640, PubMed:<u>29438978</u>). Plays a role in maintaining mitochondrial homeostasis by regulating the processing of mitochondrial transcripts (PubMed: <u>28794432</u>). Regulates also mRNA stability by recruiting CNOT7/CAF1 deadenylase on mRNA 3'UTR leading to poly(A) tail deadenylation and thus shortening (PubMed: <u>30520513</u>). In response to oxidative insult, associates with stalled ribosomes localized to stress granules (SGs) and contributes to cell survival (PubMed: 23398327, PubMed: <u>19765185</u>). Participates also in the normal skeletal muscle formation and regeneration, forming cytoplasmic myo-granules and binding mRNAs that encode sarcomeric proteins (PubMed: 30464263). Plays a role in the maintenance of the circadian clock periodicity via stabilization of the CRY1 and CRY2 proteins in a FBXL3-dependent manner (PubMed:27123980). Negatively regulates the expression of CDK6 (PubMed: <u>19760257</u>). Regulates the expression of HDAC6, ATG7 and VCP in a PPIA/CYPA-dependent manner (PubMed: 25678563).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, Stress granule Mitochondrion. Note=Continuously travels in and out of the nucleus (PubMed:18957508). Localizes to stress granules in response to oxidative stress (PubMed:19765185). A small subset localizes in mitochondria (PubMed:28794432).

#### **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitously expressed. In particular, expression is high in pancreas, placenta, lung, genital tract and spleen

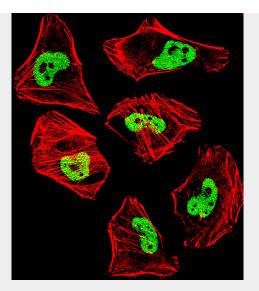
## **TARDBP Antibody (N-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

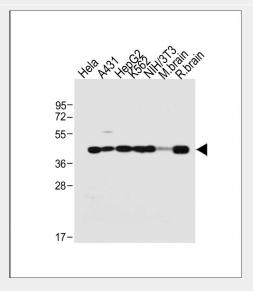
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

**TARDBP Antibody (N-term) - Images** 



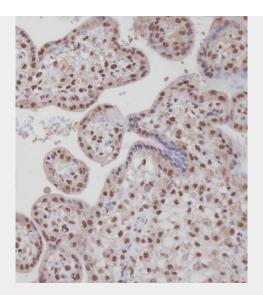


of cell TARDBP Fluorescent confocal image Hela stained with Antibody (N-term)(Cat#AP13763a).Hela cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then incubated with TARDBP primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37°C). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400, 50 min at 37°C).Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7units/ml, 1 h at 37°C). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue) (10 µg/ml, 10 min).TARDBP immunoreactivity is localized to nucleus significantly and Cytoplasm weakly.



All lanes : Anti-TARDBP Antibody (N-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: A431 whole cell lysate Lane 3: HepG2 whole cell lysate Lane 4: K562 whole cell lysate Lane 5: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate Lane 6: Mouse brain tissue lysate Lane 7: Rat brain tissue lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 45 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.





Immunohistochemical analysis of AP13763A on paraffin-embedded Human placenta tissue. Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature. Heat induced epitope retrieval was performed by EDTA buffer (pH9. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody(1:100) for 1 hour at room temperature. Undiluted CRF Anti-Polyvalent HRP Polymer antibody was used as the secondary antibody.

# TARDBP Antibody (N-term) - Background

HIV-1, the causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS), contains an RNA genome that produces a chromosomally integrated DNA during the replicative cycle. Activation of HIV-1 gene expression by the transactivator Tat is dependent on an RNA regulatory element (TAR) located downstream of the transcription initiation site. The protein encoded by this gene is a transcriptional repressor that binds to chromosomally integrated TAR DNA and represses HIV-1 transcription. In addition, this protein regulates alternate splicing of the CFTR gene. A similar pseudogene is present on chromosome 20. [provided by RefSeq].

# TARDBP Antibody (N-term) - References

Kim, S.H., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(44):34097-34105(2010) Geser, F., et al. Arch. Neurol. 67(10):1238-1250(2010) Mackenzie, I.R., et al. Lancet Neurol 9(10):995-1007(2010) Shan, X., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 107(37):16325-16330(2010) McKee, A.C., et al. J. Neuropathol. Exp. Neurol. 69(9):918-929(2010)