

TLR7 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP1507b

Specification

TLR7 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession O9NYK1

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 120922
Antigen Region 98-128

TLR7 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 51284

Other Names

Toll-like receptor 7, TLR7

Target/Specificity

This TLR7 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 98-128 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human TLR7.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

TLR7 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TLR7 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name TLR7 (<u>HGNC:15631</u>)

Function Endosomal receptor that plays a key role in innate and adaptive immunity (PubMed: 14976261, PubMed: 32433612). Controls host immune response against pathogens



through recognition of uridine- containing single strand RNAs (ssRNAs) of viral origin or guanosine analogs (PubMed:31608988, PubMed:27742543, PubMed:12738885, PubMed:32706371, PubMed:35477763). Upon binding to agonists, undergoes dimerization that brings TIR domains from the two molecules into direct contact, leading to the recruitment of TIR-containing downstream adapter MYD88 through homotypic interaction (PubMed:27742543). In turn, the Myddosome signaling complex is formed involving IRAK4, IRAK1, TRAF6, TRAF3 leading to activation of downstream transcription factors NF-kappa-B and IRF7 to induce pro-inflammatory cytokines and interferons, respectively (PubMed:27742543, PubMed:32706371).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}. Endosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}. Lysosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}. Note=Relocalizes from endoplasmic reticulum to endosome and lysosome upon stimulation with agonist {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P58681}

Tissue Location

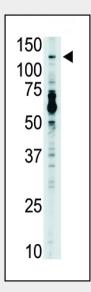
Detected in brain, placenta, spleen, stomach, small intestine, lung and in plasmacytoid pre-dendritic cells. Expressed in peripheral mononuclear blood cells (PubMed:32706371)

TLR7 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

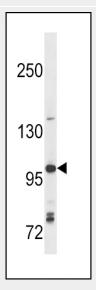
TLR7 Antibody (N-term) - Images



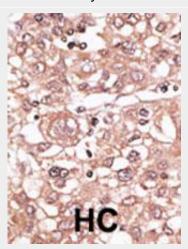
The anti-TLR7 Pab (Cat. #AP1507b) is used in Western blot to detect TLR7 in mouse liver tissue



lysate.



TLR7 Antibody (C112) (Cat. #AP1507b) western blot analysis in Ramos cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the TLR7 antibody detected the TLR7 protein (arrow).



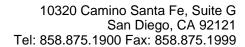
Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

TLR7 Antibody (N-term) - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the Toll-like receptor (TLR) family which plays a fundamental role in pathogen recognition and activation of innate immunity. TLRs are highly conserved from Drosophila to humans and share structural and functional similarities. They recognize pathogen-associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) that are expressed on infectious agents, and mediate the production of cytokines necessary for the development of effective immunity. The various TLRs exhibit different patterns of expression. TLR7 is predominantly expressed in lung, placenta, and spleen, and lies in close proximity to another family member, TLR8, on chromosome X.

TLR7 Antibody (N-term) - References

Clark, H.F., et al., Genome Res. 13(10):2265-2270 (2003). Ito, T., et al., J. Exp. Med. 195(11):1507-1512 (2002).





Du, X., et al., Eur. Cytokine Netw. 11(3):362-371 (2000). Chuang, T.H., et al., Eur. Cytokine Netw. 11(3):372-378 (2000). Rock, F.L., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 95(2):588-593 (1998).