

OR2G6 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP16181a

Specification

OR2G6 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB,E <u>Q5TZ20</u> <u>NP_001013373.1</u> Human Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 34890 1-30

OR2G6 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 391211

Other Names Olfactory receptor 2G6, OR2G6

Target/Specificity

This OR2G6 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human OR2G6.

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions OR2G6 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR2G6 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name OR2G6

Function Odorant receptor.



Cellular Location

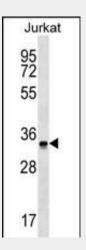
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR2G6 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

OR2G6 Antibody (N-term) - Images



OR2G6 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP16181a) western blot analysis in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the OR2G6 antibody detected the OR2G6 protein (arrow).

OR2G6 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

OR2G6 Antibody (N-term) - References

Gregory, S.G., et al. Nature 441(7091):315-321(2006)