

OR4K1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP16967a

Specification

OR4K1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession Q8NGD4

Other Accession NP_001004063.2

Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region

Human
Rabbit
Rabbit
Solutional
Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW
35201
68-96

OR4K1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 79544

Other Names

Olfactory receptor 4K1, Olfactory receptor OR14-19, OR4K1

Target/Specificity

This OR4K1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 68-96 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human OR4K1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

OR4K1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OR4K1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name OR4K1

Function Odorant receptor.



Cellular Location

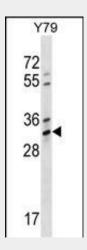
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

OR4K1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

OR4K1 Antibody (N-term) - Images



OR4K1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP16967a) western blot analysis in Y79 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the OR4K1 antibody detected the OR4K1 protein (arrow).

OR4K1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.

OR4K1 Antibody (N-term) - References

Malnic, B., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(8):2584-2589(2004) Fuchs, T., et al. Genomics 80(3):295-302(2002)