

## BRCA1 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP17140a

### Specification

## BRCA1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB,E <u>P38398</u> <u>NP\_009228.2</u>, <u>NP\_009225.1</u> Human Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 207721 443-472

## BRCA1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 672

**Other Names** Breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein, 632-, RING finger protein 53, BRCA1, RNF53

**Target/Specificity** This BRCA1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 443-472 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human BRCA1.

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Precautions

BRCA1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **BRCA1** Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name BRCA1

Synonyms RNF53



Function E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that specifically mediates the formation of 'Lys-6'-linked polyubiquitin chains and plays a central role in DNA repair by facilitating cellular responses to DNA damage (PubMed: 12890688, PubMed: 14976165, PubMed: 16818604, PubMed: 17525340, PubMed:<u>12887909</u>, PubMed:<u>10500182</u>, PubMed:<u>19261748</u>). It is unclear whether it also mediates the formation of other types of polyubiquitin chains (PubMed: 12890688). The BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer coordinates a diverse range of cellular pathways such as DNA damage repair, ubiguitination and transcriptional regulation to maintain genomic stability (PubMed: 12890688, PubMed:<u>14976165</u>, PubMed:<u>20351172</u>). Regulates centrosomal microtubule nucleation (PubMed:<u>18056443</u>). Required for appropriate cell cycle arrests after ionizing irradiation in both the S-phase and the G2 phase of the cell cycle (PubMed: 10724175, PubMed: 12183412, PubMed:<u>11836499</u>, PubMed:<u>19261748</u>). Required for FANCD2 targeting to sites of DNA damage (PubMed: 12887909). Inhibits lipid synthesis by binding to inactive phosphorylated ACACA and preventing its dephosphorylation (PubMed: 16326698). Contributes to homologous recombination repair (HRR) via its direct interaction with PALB2, fine-tunes recombinational repair partly through its modulatory role in the PALB2-dependent loading of BRCA2-RAD51 repair machinery at DNA breaks (PubMed: <u>19369211</u>). Component of the BRCA1-RBBP8 complex which regulates CHEK1 activation and controls cell cycle G2/M checkpoints on DNA damage via BRCA1-mediated ubiquitination of RBBP8 (PubMed: 16818604). Acts as a transcriptional activator (PubMed:20160719).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Chromosome. Cytoplasm. Note=Localizes at sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs); recruitment to DNA damage sites is mediated by ABRAXAS1 and the BRCA1-A complex (PubMed:26778126) Translocated to the cytoplasm during UV-induced apoptosis (PubMed:20160719). [Isoform 5]: Cytoplasm

#### **Tissue Location**

Isoform 1 and isoform 3 are widely expressed. Isoform 3 is reduced or absent in several breast and ovarian cancer cell lines

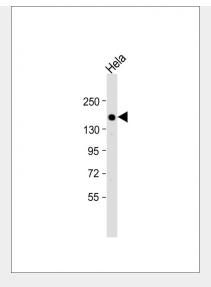
### BRCA1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

BRCA1 Antibody (N-term) - Images





Anti-BRCA1 Antibody (N-term) at 1:1000 dilution + Hela whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20  $\mu$ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 208 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

# BRCA1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

This gene encodes a nuclear phosphoprotein that plays a role in maintaining genomic stability, and it also acts as a tumor suppressor. The encoded protein combines with other tumor suppressors, DNA damage sensors, and signal transducers to form a large multi-subunit protein complex known as the BRCA1-associated genome surveillance complex (BASC). This gene product associates with RNA polymerase II, and through the C-terminal domain, also interacts with histone deacetylase complexes. This protein thus plays a role in transcription, DNA repair of double-stranded breaks, and recombination. Mutations in this gene are responsible for approximately 40% of inherited breast cancers and more than 80% of inherited breast and ovarian cancers. Alternative splicing plays a role in modulating the subcellular localization and physiological function of this gene. Many alternatively spliced transcript variants, some of which are disease-associated mutations, have been described for this gene, but the full-length natures of only some of these variants has been described. A related pseudogene, which is also located on chromosome 17, has been identified. [provided by RefSeq].

# **BRCA1** Antibody (N-term) - References

Matsuoka, S., et al. Science 316(5828):1160-1166(2007) Olsen, J.V., et al. Cell 127(3):635-648(2006) Fabbro, M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 279(30):31251-31258(2004) Ouchi, M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 279(19):19643-19648(2004) Orban, T.I., et al. MP, Mol. Pathol. 56(4):191-197(2003)